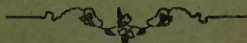


HOSTETTER'S
ILLUSTRATED
UNITED STATES
ALMANAC
1869.



**FOR MERCHANTS, MECHANICS, MINERS,
FARMERS, PLANTERS,
AND GENERAL FAMILY USE.**

Carefully calculated for such Meridians and Latitudes as are best suited for
a Universal Calendar for the United States.



**PUBLISHED BY HOSTETTER & SMITH,
PITTSBURGH, PA.**

A FEW SELECTIONS FROM A MASS OF TESTIMONY.

NEWARK, LICKING Co., OHIO,
Aug. 19, 1867.

Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH:

Gentlemen:—My wife having received so much benefit from the use of your BITTERS, I deem it my duty to give testimony in their favor. About one and a half years since, she had a very severe attack of DYSENTERY, or BLOODY FLUX, which became chronic, and continued for the above period of time, baffling the most skilful physicians in the country. We finally became discouraged, and gave up all hope of her recovery, when, by accident, my attention was called to your most valuable Bitters by Messrs. Collins & Thurston, Druggists, handing me one of your Almanacs. Finding them recommended for BLOODY FLUX, I bought one bottle, and commenced giving according to directions; and before one-third of the bottle had been taken she was entirely cured, and enjoys perfectly good health at this time.

Most respectfully, yours,
W. D. NUTTER.

BRANCHVILLE, ALA., March 11, 1867.
Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Dear Sirs:—I am hardly able to express my gratitude for the benefit I have derived from the use of your STOMACH BITTERS. I have been afflicted with LIVER COMPLAINT and DYSPERSIA for more than five years, from which I suffered no little. My physicians failed to give me permanent relief. I became melancholy and unhappy; my constitution was much broken down by using mercury. Accidentally meeting with one of your Almanacs, it induced me to procure a few bottles of your Bitters, which afforded me very great relief; and it is my sincere opinion that they will soon effect a permanent cure. I was pronounced incurable, and my recovery through your Bitters will be little short of a miracle. My neighbors express surprise at seeing me so much improved in health, and look upon my rapid recovery as wonderful.

Gratefully, yours,
ROBERT F. NEWTON, P.M.

CHENOA, ILL., Oct. 25, 1867.
Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH:
Gents:—We have sold your Bitters for sixteen years. I have found it to give universal satisfaction. We sell more of it than of any other Bitters, and take pleasure in recommending it to the public.

Yours, respectfully,
MILLER & BOSTOCK.

SPRAKER'S BASIN, July 19, 1867.
Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH:
Gentlemen:—I have been afflicted with SCROFULOUS and BILIOUS COMPLAINTS for a long time, and physicians could give me no relief. By the advice of your agent, I purchased a bottle of your STOMACH BITTERS, and, strange to say, one bottle cured me entirely. I would recommend it to all who are afflicted in the same way.

Respectfully, yours,
SALMON ALLEN.

SALEM, O., May 1, 1867.

Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH:

Gents:—I have prescribed your Bitters in a great number of cases of DYSPERSIA, and as a Tonic in cases of general debility, and have found it to answer the most sanguine expectations.

Respectfully,

S. D. HARDMAN, M.D.,
Formerly Physician to the Cincinnati Marine Hospital; Member of the London Medical Society of Observation, &c. &c. &c.

P.S.—I send you the above voluntarily, and you may use it as you desire.

SPRAKER'S BASIN, July 29, 1867.
Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH:
Gentlemen:—For the past two years I have been afflicted with CHRONIC DISEASE and weak stomach. I have tried a great many medicines, but have received no benefit. I was at last advised to try your celebrated Stomach Bitters; and, to my great astonishment, it has entirely relieved me. I have recommended it to others, and it has always given perfect satisfaction.

JOEL O'BRIEN.

The above writer is personally known to me, and I can vouch for the correctness of his statement. HENRY COHEN,
Postmaster Spraker's Basin.

ANDERSON C. H., S. C.,
April 22, 1867.

Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Gentlemen:—About the 15th of December last I had a severe attack of RHEUMATISM, which debilitated my frame so much that I was reduced to a mere skeleton. I was recommended by my cousin, J. J. Baker, to try a bottle of your "Celebrated Bitters." I did so, and must confess that I experienced the happiest results. I am now in good health, and attribute it entirely to your *Genuine Bitters*.

Very truly, yours,
JOHN DAVIS, JR.

KENTON, HARDIN Co., OHIO,
March 9, 1867.

Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH:

Gents:—I have been using your BITTERS for the last ten or twelve years, and confidently say they are all you recommend them to be. So necessary have I found them to my health, that I cannot do without them.

Yours, respectfully,
LEWIS A. MILLER.

TURNER, ANDROSCOGGIN Co., ME.,
February 22, 1867.

Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH:

Gentlemen:—I lost my health in the army, and am a great sufferer from Dyspepsia and other complaints. I have commenced taking your Bitters, and fully believe they have done me more good than all the medicines that I have ever taken before.

Yours, respectfully,
B. J. HOOD.

HOSTETTER'S UNITED STATES ALMANAC

For the Year 1869.

CALCULATED TO MEAN TIME FOR BOSTON, PITTSBURGH, AND NEW ORLEANS, BY S. C. HILL, Esq.

THE TWELVE SIGNS OF THE ZODIAC.

 Aries, a Ram. Head.

Gemini,


Twins.
Arms.

Leo,


A Lion.
Heart.

Libra,


A Balance.
Reins.

Sagittarius,


Archer.
Thighs.

Aquarius,


A Waterman.
Legs.



 Pisces, Fishes. Feet.

Explanation of Characters
used in the Calendar.

Taurus,


A Bull.
Neck.

Cancer,


A Crab.
Breast.

Virgo,


Virgin.
Bowels.

Scorpio,


A Scorpion.
Loins.

Capricornus,


A Goat.
Knees.

☉ Sun.
☿ Earth.
☽ Moon.
☿ Mercury.
♀ Venus.
♂ Mars.
♃ Jupiter.
♄ Saturn.
♁ Herschel.
☾ Moon runs high.
☾ Moon runs low.
☾ Ascending Node.
☾ Descending Node.
☾ Conjunction.
☾ Opposition.
☾ Quartile.
★ Seven Stars.
N. North.
S. South.
h. Hours.
m. Minutes, Morning.
s. Seconds.
e. Evening.
inf. Inferior.
sup. Superior.
sta. Stationary.
per. Perihelion.
aph. Aphelion.
dec. Declination.
gr. Greatest.
per. Perigee.
apo. Apogee.

CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES AND ERAS.

Dominical Letter.....	C	Epact.....	17	Roman Indiction.....	12
Golden Number.....	2	Solar Cycle.....	2	Julian Period.....	6582

MOVABLE FESTIVALS IN CERTAIN CHURCHES IN 1869.

Septuagesima Sunday.....	Jan. 24	Good Friday.....	Mar. 26	Whit Sunday, Pentecost.....	May 16
Shrove Sunday.....	Feb. 7	Easter Sunday.....	Mar. 28	Trinity Sunday.....	May 23
Ash Wednesday.....	Feb. 10	Low Sunday.....	April 4	Corpus Christi.....	May 27
Mid-Lent Sunday.....	Mar. 7	Rogation Sunday.....	May 2	First Sunday in Advent.....	Nov. 23
Palm Sunday.....	Mar. 21	Ascension Day.....	May 6		

EMBER DAYS.—Feb. 17, 19, 20; May 19, 21, 22; Sept. 15, 17, 18; Dec. 15, 17, 18.

ECLIPSES.

In the year 1869 there will be four eclipses: two of the Sun, and two of the Moon.

FIRST.—A partial eclipse of the Moon, January 27, visible at the given places in mean time as follows:—

	BOSTON.	PITTSBURGH.	NEW ORLEANS.
Beginning of the Eclipse.....	7h. 44m. Evening.	7h. 8m. Evening.	6h. 23m. Evening.
Middle.....	8 54 "	8 18 "	7 33 "
End of the Eclipse.....	10 4 "	9 23 "	8 43 "

Digits eclipsed, $5\frac{1}{2}$ on the Moon's north limb.

SECOND.—An annular eclipse of the Sun, February 11, invisible in North America.

THIRD.—A partial eclipse of the Moon, July 23, at 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ in the morning, invisible.

FOURTH.—A total eclipse of the Sun, August 7, visible at the given places in mean time as follows:—

	BOSTON.	PITTSBURGH.	N. ORLEANS.
Beginning of the Eclipse.....	5h. 18m. Eve.	4h. 6m. Eve.	4h. 20m. Eve.
Middle.....	6 18 "	5 45 "	5 20 "
End of the Eclipse.....	7 9 "	6 33 "	6 16 "
Sun sets.....	7 13 "	7 8 "	6 43 "
Digits eclipsed,	10.1 Sun's S. limb.	11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Sun's S. limb.	Digits eclipsed, 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Sun's N. limb.

The Eclipse as it will appear
at Pittsburgh.



This will be the most remarkable eclipse that will happen during this century. The next largest, at Pittsburgh, will take place on the 28th day of May, 1900.

VENUS (♀) will be our Morning Star until the 9th day of May; then Evening Star to the end of the year.

First
Month.



31
Days.

LUNATIONS.	BOSTON.	PITTSBURGH.	NEW ORLEANS.
☾ LAST QUARTER,	D. H. M. 5 1 38 Morning.	D. H. M. 5 1 2 Mornings.	D. H. M. 5 0 22 Morning.
☾ NEW MOON,	11 2 9 Evening.	12 1 33 Evening.	12 0 53 Evening.
☽ FIRST QUARTER,	20 7 42 Evening.	20 7 6 Evening.	20 6 26 Evening.
☽ FULL MOON,	27 8 46 Evening.	27 8 10 Evening.	27 7 30 Evening.

D. M.	D. W.	Events, Aspects, and Noted Days.	MOON'S SIGNS.	SUN SLOW. M. S.	BOSTON.			PITTSBURGH.			NEW ORLEANS.		
					SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES
					H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	Fr.	Circumcision.		{ 4 6	7 30	4 38	8 34	7 24	4 44	8 37	6 56	5 12	8 52
2	Sa.	♂♂♂-♀♀♀.		{ 4 34	7 30	4 39	9 47	7 24	4 45	9 49	6 57	5 13	9 58

(1.) Second Sunday after Christmas. Matt. ii. Day's length, 9 h. 22 min.

3	S.	♂ sup. ♂♂.		{ 5 2	7 30	4 40	10 58	7 24	4 46	10 59	6 57	5 14	11 4
4	Mo.	St. Telesphorus.		{ 5 29	7 30	4 41	morn.	7 24	4 47	morn.	6 57	5 15	morn.
5	Tu.	♂ H ♂-♂ sta.		{ 5 56	7 30	4 41	0 7	7 24	4 48	0 6	6 57	5 15	0 3
6	We.	Epiphany.		{ 6 22	7 30	4 42	1 15	7 24	4 49	1 13	6 57	5 16	1 5
7	Th.	♂'s Moons disc. 1610.		{ 6 48	7 30	4 43	2 20	7 24	4 50	2 17	6 57	5 17	2 4
8	Fr.	Lucia.		{ 7 13	7 30	4 44	3 24	7 24	4 51	3 21	6 57	5 18	3 4
9	Sa.	♂♂♂. Snow.		{ 7 38	7 30	4 45	4 27	7 24	4 52	4 23	6 57	5 18	4 2

(2.) First Sunday after Epiphany. Luke ii. Day's length, 9 h. 30 min.

10	S.	♀♂♂.		{ 8 2	7 29	4 46	5 26	7 23	4 53	5 21	6 57	5 19	4 57
11	Mo.	♂ Owich d. 1817.		{ 8 26	7 29	4 47	6 21	7 23	4 54	6 16	6 57	5 20	5 61
12	Tu.	Arcadius.		{ 8 49	7 29	4 48	sets.	7 23	4 55	sets.	6 57	5 21	sets.
13	We.	January. Rain.		{ 9 11	7 28	4 49	5 56	7 23	4 56	6 0	6 57	5 22	6 21
14	Th.	Hally d. 1742.		{ 9 33	7 28	4 50	6 51	7 22	4 57	6 55	6 57	5 23	7 14
15	Fr.	Everett d. 1865.		{ 9 54	7 27	4 52	7 49	7 22	4 58	7 52	6 57	5 24	8 7
16	Sa.	♂ in apogee.		{ 10 14	7 27	4 53	8 47	7 21	4 59	8 49	6 57	5 24	8 58

(3.) Second Sunday after Epiphany. John ii. Day's length, 9 h. 40 min.

17	S.	B. Home d. 1792.		{ 10 31	7 23	4 54	9 44	7 21	5 10	9 45	6 56	5 25	9 50
18	Mo.	Prisca. Wind.		{ 10 53	7 25	4 56	10 43	7 20	5 2	10 43	6 56	5 26	10 43
19	Tu.	♂♂♂. 18th.		{ 11 11	7 25	4 57	11 42	7 20	5 3	11 41	6 56	5 27	11 36
20	We.	♂ Fabian.		{ 11 28	7 24	4 58	morn.	7 19	5 4	morn.	6 55	5 28	morn.
21	Th.	Agnes.		{ 11 45	7 23	4 59	0 41	7 19	5 5	0 39	6 55	5 29	0 70
22	Fr.	Vincent. Snow.		{ 12 1	7 22	5 1	1 43	7 18	5 6	1 40	6 55	5 29	1 25
23	Sa.	Wm. Pitt d. 1806.		{ 12 16	7 22	5 2	2 46	7 17	5 8	2 42	6 54	5 30	2 23

(4.) Septuagesima Sunday. Matt. xx. Day's length, 9 h. 52 min.

24	S.	Septuagesima.		{ 12 21	7 21	5 3	3 49	7 17	5 9	3 45	6 54	5 31	3 22
25	Mo.	Conv. S. Paul.		{ 12 45	7 20	5 4	4 54	7 16	5 10	4 49	6 54	5 32	4 25
26	Tu.	♂♂♂.		{ 12 57	7 19	5 5	5 55	7 15	5 11	5 50	6 53	5 33	5 25
27	We.	♂ Burr's plot. 1807.		{ 13 10	7 19	5 7	rises.	7 14	5 12	rises.	6 53	5 34	rises.
28	Th.	♂ eclip. 27th.		{ 13 21	7 18	5 8	6 11	7 14	5 14	6 14	6 52	5 35	6 31
29	Fr.	♂♂♂. Blustery.		{ 13 31	7 17	5 9	7 26	7 13	5 15	7 28	6 52	5 36	7 40
30	Sa.	K. Charles.		{ 13 41	7 16	5 11	8 40	7 12	5 16	8 41	6 51	5 37	8 48

(5.) Sexagesima Sunday. Luke viii. Day's length, 10 h. 6 min.

31	S.	Marcella.		{ 13 50	7 15	5 12	9 53	7 11	5 17	9 53	6 51	5 37	9 53
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CRULLERS.—One cup sugar, piece of butter size of an egg, three eggs, flour to roll.

TIMELY INVIGORATION

THE SUREST

PROTECTION AGAINST DISEASE.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

THE STANDARD MEDICINE OF THE AGE

For Toning the Digestive Organs, Strengthening the Nerves, Regulating the Liver and the Bowels, and giving Stamina and Permanent Vigor to the Enfeebled System.

AN indiscriminate crusade against stimulation is consistent neither with Scripture nor philosophy, experience nor common sense. The zeal of the enthusiasts who would prohibit the use of a *scientifically-prepared stimulant* as a *medicine*, because alcohol taken to excess is a source of misery and ruin, is a zeal without knowledge. Such doctrine conflicts not only with human reason, but with the language of inspiration.

True, modern wines, and all other stimulants sold as beverages, are so terribly adulterated by the parties engaged in their manufacture and sale, that they cannot be safely prescribed as medicines. The distilled liquors are, for the most part, still more vilely adulterated than the wines, and both richly deserve the stigma that has been cast upon them by the friends of Health and Temperance.

But these facts only serve to strengthen the arguments in favor of a genial and wholesome medicated stimulant and alterative like **Hostetter's Stomach Bitters**. No "stimulant" can be purer than the alcoholic basis of this preparation; and the rare vegetable extracts infused into it render it infinitely serviceable as a pre-

ventive of sickness and a means of restoring health and strength.

Science has made wonderful strides of late years, and many of its discoveries may be justly considered special providences, intended to ameliorate the sufferings of mankind. That **Hostetter's Bitters** have largely contributed to this desirable end, no one who is conversant with the record of their operation during the last twenty years can entertain the slightest doubt. The testimony comes from every variety of climate, embraces the opinions of all classes and conditions of society, certifies to the prevention and cure of a great diversity of harassing and dangerous diseases, and satisfactorily accounts for the popularity which the preparation enjoys throughout the whole civilized portion of the Western Hemisphere. It has been said of Great Britain that wherever she sets her foot she establishes her throne; and it may with greater truth be asserted that wherever this healthful medicated stimulant has been introduced it has acquired the confidence of the people. The medical profession admit its merits, and prescribe it for "him that is ready to perish, and unto those that be of heavy hearts."

Second Month.



28
Days.

LUNATIONS.	BOSTON.	PITTSBURGH.	NEW ORLEANS.
☾ LAST QUARTER,	D. H. M. 3 0 12 Evening.	D. H. M. 3 11 36 Morning.	D. H. M. 3 10 56 Morning.
☾ NEW MOON,	11 0 10 Morning.	11 8 34 Morning.	11 7 54 Morning.
☽ FIRST QUARTER,	19 0 22 Evening.	19 11 46 Morning.	19 11 6 Morning.
☽ FULL MOON	26 7 20 Morning.	26 6 44 Morning.	26 6 4 Morning.

D. M.	D. W.	Events, Aspects, and Noted Days.	MOON'S SIGNS.	BOSTON.				PITTSBURGH.			NEW ORLEANS.		
				SUN SLOW.	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES
				H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	Mo.	☽ in ☾ — ☽ in ☾.		13 58	7 14	5 14	11 4	7 10	5 18	11 3	6 50	5 38	10 58
2	Tu.	Purif. of Mary.		14 5	7 12	5 15	morn.	7 9	5 20	morn.	6 50	5 39	11 58
3	We.	☾ Blazius.		14 11	7 11	5 17	0 11	7 8	5 21	0 9	6 49	5 40	morn.
4	Th.	J. Rogers burnt.		14 16	7 10	5 18	1 17	7 7	5 22	1 14	6 48	5 41	0 58
5	Fr.	Agatha. [1555.		14 21	7 9	5 19	2 21	7 6	5 23	2 17	6 48	5 41	1 57
6	Sa.	☽ ☾ ☽. 5th.		14 25	7 8	5 21	3 20	7 5	5 25	3 16	6 47	5 42	2 53

(6.) Shrove Sunday.				Luke xviii.				Day's length, 10 h. 22 min.					
7	S.	Dickens bo. 1812.		14 27	7 7	5 22	4 17	7 4	5 26	4 12	6 46	5 43	3 48
8	Mo.	St. Apollonia.		14 30	7 6	5 24	5 8	7 3	5 27	5 3	6 46	5 44	4 38
9	Tu.	☽ ☾ — ☽ sta.		14 31	7 5	5 25	5 52	7 1	5 28	5 47	6 45	5 45	5 23
10	We.	Ash Wednesday.		14 31	7 3	5 26	6 32	7 0	5 29	6 28	6 44	5 46	6 7
11	Th.	☽ ☽ eclipsed.		14 31	7 2	5 27	sets.	6 59	5 31	sets.	6 43	5 46	sets.
12	Fr.	☽ ☽ ☽. Snow.		14 30	7 1	5 29	6 40	6 58	5 32	6 42	6 42	5 47	6 54
13	Sa.	☽ ☽ ☽ — ☽ in apo.		14 28	7 0	5 30	7 37	6 57	5 33	7 38	6 41	5 48	7 45

(7.) First Sunday in Lent.				Matt. iv.				Day's length, 10 h. 39 min.					
14	S.	Valentine.		14 26	6 58	5 31	8 34	6 55	5 34	8 35	6 40	5 49	8 38
15	Mo.	☽ ☽ ☽. Cold.		14 23	6 57	5 32	9 33	6 54	5 35	9 32	6 39	5 50	9 29
16	Tu.	☽ gr. N. lat.		14 19	6 55	5 33	10 32	6 53	5 37	10 20	6 39	5 50	10 22
17	We.	Ember Day.		14 14	6 54	5 34	11 30	6 51	5 38	11 28	6 38	5 51	11 16
18	Th.	Wm. Wirt d. 1835.		14 9	6 52	5 36	morn.	6 50	5 39	morn.	6 37	5 52	morn.
19	Fr.	☽ inf. ☽ ☽.		14 3	6 51	5 37	0 32	6 49	5 40	0 29	6 36	5 53	0 12
20	Sa.	☽ Garrick bo. 1716.		13 56	6 49	5 39	1 34	6 47	5 41	1 30	6 35	5 53	1 9

(8.) Second Sunday in Lent.				Matt. xv.				Day's length, 10 h. 57 min.					
21	S.	Severianus.		13 49	6 48	5 40	2 36	6 46	5 43	2 31	6 34	5 54	2 7
22	Mo.	☽ ☽ ☽.		13 41	6 47	5 41	3 37	6 44	5 44	3 32	6 33	5 55	3 7
23	Tu.	Adams d 1848.		13 33	6 45	5 43	4 34	6 43	5 45	4 29	6 32	5 56	4 4
24	We.	St. Matthias.		13 24	6 43	5 44	5 25	6 42	5 46	5 21	6 31	5 56	5 0
25	Th.	☽ ☽ ☽. Stormy.		13 14	6 42	5 45	6 12	6 40	5 47	6 9	6 30	5 57	5 02
26	Fr.	☽ in perigee.		13 4	6 41	5 46	rises.	6 39	5 48	rises.	6 29	5 58	rises.
27	Sa.	Earthq. 1796.		12 53	6 39	5 47	7 28	6 37	5 49	7 29	6 28	5 58	7 33

(9.) Third Sunday in Lent.				Lake xi.				Day's length, 11 h. 15 min.					
28	S.	☽ ☽ ☽. Snow.		12 42	6 37	5 48	8 43	6 36	5 51	8 42	6 27	5 59	8 39

IMPORTANT EXTRACT FROM DR. JOHN CASS'S LETTER, DATED

MESSES. HOSTETTER & SMITH, PITTSBURGH, PA.:

PIQUA, O., January 30, 1868.

GENTS:—I have the pleasure of informing you that, after about twenty years' experience as physician and pharmacist, I have found your Bitters the best article of its kind in use, and always recommend it to purchasers in preference to all others.

Very respectfully,

JOHN CASS.

RATHER GOOD.—We have often heard of remarkable cases of "absence of mind." Here is one equal to any thing we have seen lately. The man was doubtless a very interesting head of the family:—

"I say, cap'n," said a little-keyed man, as he landed from the steamboat Peytona at Natchez. "I say, cap'n, this here ain't all."

"That's all the baggage you brought on board, sir," replied the captain.

"Well, see now, I grant it's all OK according to list,—four boxes, three chests, two ban-boxes, a portmanteau, two hams—one part cut,—three ropes in yons, and a tea-kettle; but you see, cap'n, I am dubersom. I feel there's something short. Though I've counted 'em nine times, and never took my eyes off 'em while on board, there's something not right, somehow."

"Well, stranger, the time is up; there is all I know of: so bring your wife and five children out of the cabin, and we are off."

"Them's 'em, darn it! them's 'em! I know'd I'd forgot something."

APPLE MERINGUE.—Pare, core, and stew ten tart apples in a very little water; season as for a pie, and put it in a fruit-pie dish into a cool oven. Beat up meanwhile the whites of four eggs, as for icing, piling it on the apples like rocks, or irregularly, avoiding the edge of the dish. Return it to a warm oven and brown macaroni color; slip all out carefully into a dish, and serve with cream, or custard flavored.

INQUISITIVE.—All inquisitive children are not confined to "Harper's Drawer." A little three-year-old in this city, a few mornings since, stood by his mother's knee, looking his baby brother—a few months old—in the face. At length he inquired, "Mamma, did God make the baby?" "Yes, dear," was the reply. Touching one of the organs to which he referred, with his finger, he continued, "Did God put on his little ears?" Certainly, my child," said the mother. Waiting a minute, as though in a brown study or pondering some weighty problem, he again broke out, "Well, I don't see why God couldn't put some more hair on his head, as well as put on his ears!"

FLY IN SHEEP.—Make a strong decoction from the leaves of tobacco, and apply with a small squirt or syringe. Repeat several times during the fall months.



THE CORRECT CARD.

CONCEITED PARTY.—"Aw, I say, must I, aw, take a Ticket for a Puppy?"

TICKET CLERK (MEDITATIVELY).—"No! You can travel as an Ordinary Passenger."

"Do you like codfish balls, Mr. Wiggins?" Mr. Wiggins, hesitatingly, "I really don't know, miss: I don't recollect ever having attended one."

CHRONIC INFLAMMATION OF THE EYE IN CATTLE.—Take,—white vitriol, 1 scruple; spirit of wine, 1 drachm; water, 1 pint. Mix together. Applied two or three times a day, two or three drops at a time.

THIN MAN.—"Boy, what's that hungry-looking dog following me for?"

INSULTING BOY.—"He thinks you are a bone, I reckon!"

When is old cheese like the American dollar? When it is all-mitey.

Third
Month.



31
Days.

LUNATIONS.	BOSTON.	PITTSBURGH.	NEW ORLEANS.
☾ LAST QUARTER,	D. H. M. 5 0 59 Morning.	D. H. M. 5 0 23 Morning.	D. H. M. 4 11 43 Evening.
● NEW MOON,	13 4 2 Morning.	13 3 26 Morning.	13 2 46 Morning.
☽ FIRST QUARTER,	21 1 10 Morning.	21 0 34 Morning.	20 11 54 Evening.
☼ FULL MOON,	27 4 48 Evening.	27 4 12 Evening.	27 3 32 Evening.

D. M.	D. W.	Events, Aspects, and Noted Days.	MOON'S SIGNS.	BOSTON.			PITTSBURGH.			NEW ORLEANS.		
				SUN SLOW.	SUN	MOON	SUN	SUN	MOON	SUN	SUN	MOON
				M. S.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	Mo.	Czar d. 1855.		12 30	6 35	5 50	9 56	6 34	5 52	9 54	6 26	6 0 9 43
2	Tu.	J. Wesley d. 1791.		12 17	6 33	5 51	11 5	6 33	5 53	11 2	6 25	6 0 10 47
3	We.	☽ sta.		12 5	6 32	5 53	morn.	6 31	5 54	morn.	6 23	6 1 11 49
4	Th.	☽ in aph.		11 51	6 30	5 54	0 12	6 29	5 55	0 8	6 22	6 2 morn.
5	Fr.	☽ ☿ ☽. Rain.		11 37	6 29	5 55	1 15	6 28	5 56	1 10	6 21	6 2 0 47
6	Sa.	☽ Earthq. 1790.		11 23	6 27	5 56	2 13	6 26	5 57	2 8	6 20	6 3 1 44

(10.) Mid-Lent Sunday.

John vi.

Day's length, 11 h. 33 min.

7	S.	☽ ☿ ☽.		11 8	6 26	5 58	3 5	6 25	5 58	3 0	6 19	6 4 2 35
8	Mo.	☽ in aph.		10 53	6 24	5 59	3 52	6 23	5 59	3 47	6 18	6 4 3 23
9	Tu.	Cobbett bo. 1762.		10 38	6 23	6 0	4 32	6 22	6 0	4 28	6 16	6 5 4 5
10	We.	Wire invented, 1410.		10 22	6 21	6 1	5 10	6 20	6 2	5 6	6 15	6 6 4 47
11	Th.	☽ ☿ ☽. Rain.		10 6	6 19	6 2	5 42	6 18	6 3	5 39	6 14	6 6 5 24
12	Fr.	☽ in ☿. ☽ in apo.		9 50	6 17	6 3	6 11	6 17	6 4	6 9	6 13	6 7 5 58
13	Sa.	☽ disc. 1781.		9 33	6 15	6 5	sets.	6 15	6 5	sets.	6 12	6 8 sets.

(11.) Fifth Sunday in Lent.

John viii.

Day's length, 11 h. 52 min.

14	S.	Byng shot, 1757.		9 16	6 14	6 6	7 26	6 14	6 6	7 26	6 11	6 8 7 25
15	Mo.	☽ ☿ ☽. Hazy.		8 59	6 12	6 7	8 25	6 12	6 7	8 24	6 9	6 9 8 17
16	Tu.	Madison bo. 1751.		8 41	6 10	6 8	9 24	6 10	6 8	9 22	6 8	6 9 9 11
17	We.	St. Patrick.		8 24	6 9	6 9	10 25	6 9	6 9	10 22	6 7	6 10 10 6
18	Th.	☽ gr. W. elong.		8 6	6 7	6 10	11 26	6 7	6 10	11 22	6 6	6 11 11 2
19	Fr.	Rheims taken, 1814.		7 48	6 5	6 11	morn.	6 5	6 11	morn.	6 5	6 11 11 58
20	Sa.	☽ enters ♀.		7 30	6 3	6 13	0 25	6 4	6 12	0 21	6 4	6 12 morn.

(12.) Palm Sunday.

Matt. xxi. or xxvii.

Day's length, 12 h. 11 min.

21	S.	☽ sta. ☽ ☿ ☽.		7 12	6 2	6 14	1 26	6 2	6 13	1 21	6 2	6 12 0 56
22	Mo.	Decatur duel, '29.		6 53	6 0	6 15	2 23	6 0	6 14	2 18	6 1	6 13 1 53
23	Tu.	La Place bo. 1749.		6 35	5 59	6 17	3 16	5 59	6 15	3 11	6 0	6 14 2 47
24	We.	☽ ☿ ☽. Showers.		6 17	5 57	6 18	4 3	5 57	6 16	3 59	5 58	6 14 3 30
25	Th.	Annun. of Mary.		5 59	5 55	6 19	4 45	5 55	6 17	4 42	5 57	6 15 4 27
26	Fr.	Good Friday.		5 40	5 53	6 20	5 24	5 54	6 18	5 22	5 56	6 15 5 13
27	Sa.	☽ ☽ sta. ☽ in per.		5 21	5 52	6 21	rises.	5 52	6 19	rises.	5 54	6 16 rises.

(13.) Easter Sunday.

Mark xvi., or John xx.

Day's length, 12 h. 30 min.

28	S.	G. Wesley d. 1783.		5 3	5 51	6 22	7 30	5 50	6 20	7 29	5 53	6 17 7 24
29	Mo.	J. J. Astor d. 1848.		4 45	5 49	6 23	8 42	5 49	6 21	8 40	5 52	6 17 8 28
30	Tu.	☽ gr. S. lat.		4 26	5 47	6 24	9 54	5 47	6 23	9 51	5 51	6 18 9 34
31	We.	Calhoun d. 1850.		4 8	5 45	6 25	11 1	5 46	6 24	10 57	5 50	6 18 10 36

EGG DUMPING.—Make a batter of a pint of milk, two well-beaten eggs, a teaspoonful of salt, and flour enough to make a batter as thick as for pound-cake. Have a clean saucepan of boiling water, let the water boil fast, drop in the batter

by the tablespoonful (four or five minutes will boil them), take them with a skimmer on a dish, put a bit of butter and pepper over, and serve with boiled or cold meat. For dessert, put batter and grated nutmeg, with syrup or sugar over.

MEDICINAL PROPERTIES OF HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

LET it be distinctly borne in mind that **Hostetter's Bitters** is a **medicinal preparation**, *not a beverage*, and that it is entirely free from the fiery attributes which create and foster a passion for stimulants, and which belong to all the distilled and fermented liquors of commerce. Its alcoholic element is derived from sound rye, a grain which, according to the testimony of the most distinguished analytical chemists, yields a more wholesome spirit than any other known substance. But the **Quintessence of Rye** employed in the manufacture of the Bitters, must not be confounded with the rye-spirit sold in the market as Bourbon and Monongahela whiskey. The very best brands of those liquors procured for hospital use, and preferred by the medical staffs of the army and navy to any other liquor, are not to be compared in excellence with the article used in the concoction of the **Great Stomachic**. It is subjected in the first instance to a process which deprives it of the pungent and acrid elements proved by chemical tests to exist in even what are deemed the finest imported and domestic spirits, and, after being thus purified, is kept on hand long enough to give it mellowness before being medicated. The chief virtue of the preparation is not, however, in its spirituous basis, but in the juices of the tonic, aperient, corrective, and anti-bilious vegetable products so largely intermixed with it.

Perhaps it may be urged that if *they* impart to the alcoholic fluid its preventive and remedial qualities, *water* impregnated with the same ingredients would answer the purpose as well. Nothing but profound ignorance of the laws of physiology and pathology can excuse such an error. Only by a *diffusible stimulant* can the

medicinal constituents that are to fortify the system against disease, or counteract diseased action, be conveyed directly to their destination. The stimulant rapidly pervades the animal structure, carrying with it to the points where it is needed, the required antidote. Water will not do this. It has, comparatively speaking, no propelling or diffusive power. Nor is this all. Nothing but alcohol will preserve the medicinal property of vegetable extracts in a fluid state. Mix them with water and the compound will ferment, turn sour, and become worse than valueless.

It is claimed that **Hostetter's Bitters** commend themselves to the especial favor of the **Temperance Physician** as the only diffusive stimulant which he can prescribe without danger of unduly exciting the brain of his patient, and of creating that morbid thirst for alcohol which doses of unmedicated spirits are so apt to engender.

To argue with the dogmatists who assert that stimulants are always unnecessary and pernicious, would be a waste of time. The most eminent Lights of Medical Science have settled that question, and it is not worth while to have a controversy with the *rush-lights*. The leading champions of Temperance in the United States, Horace Greeley among the number, have announced that they are not in favor of prohibiting the employment of spirituous liquors *as medicines*.

So much for the *moral claims* of the article under the temperance code. The ground being thus cleared, and, it is hoped, to the satisfaction of every rational champion of sobriety, the specific application of the Bitters to the prevention and cure of the "ills that flesh is heir to," comes next in order.

Fourth Month.



30 Days.

LUNATIONS.

- ☾ LAST QUARTER,
- ☾ NEW MOON,
- ☾ FIRST QUARTER,
- ☾ FULL MOON,

BOSTON.

D. H. M.
3 4 4 Evening.
11 9 3 Evening.
19 10 22 Morning.
26 1 37 Morning.

PITTSBURGH.

D. H. M.
3 3 28 Evening.
11 8 27 Evening.
19 9 46 Morning.
26 1 1 Morning.

NEW ORLEANS.

D. H. M.
3 2 48 Evening.
11 7 47 Evening.
19 9 6 Morning.
26 0 21 Morning.

D. M.	D. W.	Events, Aspects, and Noted Days.	MOON'S SIGNS.	BOSTON.			PITTSBURGH.			NEW ORLEANS.		
				SUN SLOW.	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES	SUN RISES	SUN SETS
				M. S.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	Th.	☾ ☾ ☾.										
2	Fr.	☾ ☾ ☾. Showers.		3 50	5 43	6 26	morn.	5 44	6 25	11 58	5 49	6 19
3	Sa.	☾ ☾ ☾. Rich'd tak. '65.		3 32	5 41	6 27	0 3	5 42	6 26	morn.	5 48	6 20
				3 14	5 40	6 28	1 0	5 41	6 27	0 55	5 46	6 20

(14.) Low Sunday.

John xx.

Day's length, 12 h. 48 min.

4	S.	Goldsmith d. 1774.		2 56	5 38	6 29	1 49	5 39	6 28	1 44	5 45	6 21
5	Mo.	R. Raikes d. 1811.		2 39	5 35	6 30	2 32	5 37	6 29	2 28	5 44	6 21
6	Tu.	Old Lady-Day.		2 21	5 34	6 31	3 11	5 36	6 30	3 7	5 43	6 22
7	We.	Hegesippus.		2 4	5 32	6 32	3 44	5 34	6 31	3 41	5 41	6 23
8	Th.	☾ in apogee.		1 47	5 30	6 33	4 14	5 33	6 32	4 12	5 41	6 23
9	Fr.	St. Procorus.		1 30	5 29	6 34	4 44	5 31	6 33	4 42	5 39	6 24
10	Sa.	☾ ☾ ☾.		1 13	5 27	6 35	5 9	5 29	6 34	5 8	5 38	6 24

(15.) Second Sunday after Easter.

John x.

Day's length, 13 h. 7 min.

11	S.	☾ ☾ ☾. ☾ gr. S. lat.		0 57	5 25	6 36	5 36	5 28	6 35	5 37	5 37	6 25
12	Mo.	☾ ☾ ☾. Rain.		0 41	5 24	6 37	sets.	5 26	6 36	sets.	5 36	6 26
13	Tu.	C. Leslie d. 1722.		0 25	5 22	6 38	8 19	5 25	6 37	8 16	5 35	6 26
14	We.	Lincoln assassin'd '65		0 10	5 21	6 39	9 20	5 23	6 38	9 16	5 34	6 27
15	Th.	Mobile taken, 1813.		fast.	5 19	6 40	10 21	5 22	6 39	10 17	5 33	6 27
16	Fr.	St. Francis Paula.		0 19	5 17	6 41	11 21	5 20	6 40	11 16	5 32	6 28
17	Sa.	☾ ☾ ☾. Windy.		0 34	5 16	6 42	morn.	5 19	6 41	morn.	5 30	6 29

(16.) Third Sunday after Easter.

John xvi.

Day's length, 13 h. 25 min.

18	S.	☾ ☾ ☾.		0 47	5 15	6 43	0 18	5 17	6 42	0 13	5 29	6 29
19	Mo.	Roger Sherman		1 1	5 13	6 44	1 11	5 16	6 43	1 6	5 28	6 30
20	Tu.	☾ ☾ ☾. (b. 1721.		1 14	5 12	6 46	1 58	5 14	6 44	1 54	5 27	6 31
21	We.	Vashti B. H. b. 1802.		1 26	5 10	6 47	2 41	5 13	6 45	2 58	5 26	6 31
22	Th.	☾ ☾ ☾.		1 38	5 8	6 48	3 18	5 11	6 46	3 16	5 25	6 32
23	Fr.	St. George.		1 50	5 6	6 49	3 54	5 10	6 47	3 53	5 24	6 32
24	Sa.	☾ ☾ ☾. ☾ in per.		2 1	5 4	6 51	4 28	5 8	6 48	4 28	5 23	6 33

(17.) Fourth Sunday after Easter.

John xvi.

Day's length, 13 h. 42 min.

25	S.	St. Mark.		2 11	5 3	6 52	rises.	5 7	6 49	rises.	5 22	6 34
26	Mo.	☾ ☾ ☾.		2 22	5 2	6 53	7 31	5 6	6 50	7 28	5 21	6 34
27	Tu.	Grant b. 1822.		2 31	5 1	6 54	8 41	5 4	6 51	8 37	5 20	6 35
28	We.	☾ ☾ ☾. Rain.		2 40	4 59	6 55	9 46	5 3	6 52	9 42	5 20	6 35
29	Th.	☾ sup. ☾ ☾.		2 49	4 57	6 57	10 49	5 2	6 53	10 44	5 19	6 36
30	Fr.	☾ in ☾.		2 57	4 55	6 58	11 42	5 0	6 54	11 37	5 18	6 37

GREEN CORN PUDDING.—Take twelve ears of corn, split the rows in the centre, then scrape out the pulp with the knife; this will leave the hull on the cob. Add four eggs, one pint milk, one spoonful butter, sweeten and flavor to taste. Bake one-half hour.

FAVORITE CAKE.—Three cups sugar, two cups butter, five cups flour, one pound fruit, one cup milk, five eggs, one tea-spoon soda.

GERMAN PUFFS.—One quart of milk, six eggs, sixteen tablespoonfuls of flour, and a little salt. Bake in small tins.

BILIOUS HABIT.

PERSONS whose livers are peculiarly sensitive are said to be of a "bilious habit." The morbid influences which affect others in a general way seem in their cases to operate directly and mainly upon the biliary organ. Many who are thus predisposed to an overflow of bile are subject to periodical attacks of biliousness, accompanied by pain in the right side, languor, pain between the shoulders, gloomy feelings, and that peculiar tinge of the complexion which indicates that a portion of the bile which should have passed off through the bowels has been misdirected to the venous system, and is present in the superficial blood-vessels. To avert these symptoms, and the general disorder of the internal organs which they involve, it is advisable for individuals of a bilious habit to take at least two doses of **Hostetter's Bitters** daily at such times as they have reason to apprehend an

attack. Indeed, all who have a constitutional and temperamental tendency to liver complaints would do well to take one dose of this admirable **anti-bilious stomachic** every day. When the great secretive gland is seriously disordered, the medicine usually resorted to is mercury, which, unless administered with very great caution, is infinitely more dangerous than the disease it is intended to subdue. In a large majority of the cases treated with calomel or blue pill, the anti-bilious and alterative properties of the Bitters would produce the desired effect. And let it be borne in mind that, whereas mercury in every shape is an insidious poison, the medicinal ingredients of this preparation consist exclusively of wholesome vegetable extracts, which are diffused through the system by means of the purest and mildest of all known stimulants.

IN A TIGHT PLACE.—At L—, on Sunday evening, fatigued by his long journey, a wagoner and his son John drove the team into a good range, and determined to pass the Sabbath enjoying a season of worship with the good folks of the village. When the time for worship arrived, John was set to watch the team, while the wagoner went in with the crowd. The preacher had hardly announced his subject before the old man fell fast asleep. He sat against the partition in the centre of the body-slip, while just against him, separated only by the very low partition, sat a fleshy lady, who seemed all absorbed in the sermon. She struggled hard with her feelings, until, unable to control them any longer, she burst out with a loud scream, and shouted at the top of her voice, rousing the old man half awake, who thrust his arm around her waist, and cried, very soothingly,—

"Wo, Nance! wo, Nance! wo! Here, John, cut the belly-band and loose the breeching—quick, or she'll tear every thing to pieces!"

It was all the work of a moment, but the sister forgot to shout, the preacher lost the thread of his discourse, and the meeting came prematurely to an end, while, deeply mortified, the old man skulked away, determined not to go to meeting again until he could manage to keep his senses by remaining awake.

Signal for a bark—pulling a dog's tail.

A SURE CURE FOR A FELON.—Apply a poultice of onions; renew every morning, noon, and night, for three or four days. No matter how bad the case, lancing the finger will be unnecessary if this poultice be used. The remedy is sure, safe, and speedy.

OLD DR. A—was a quack, and a very ignorant one. On one occasion he was called by mistake to attend a council of physicians in a critical case. After considerable discussion, the opinion was expressed by one that the patient was convalescent. When it came to Dr. A—'s turn to speak: "*Convalescent!*" said he; "why, that's nothing serious; I have cured *convalescence* in twenty-four hours!"

SLOBBERS IN HORSES.—An infallible, simple, and cheap remedy is a dose or two of from one to two gallons of dry wheat bran.

A LADY was asked to join one of the divisions of the Daughters of Temperance. She replied, "This is unnecessary, as it is my intention to join one of the Sons in the course of a few weeks."

GENERAL INFLAMMATION OF THE EYE IN CATTLE.—Introduce into the eye, two or three times a day, the following Lotion:—Extract Goulard, 2 drachms; spirituous tincture digitalis, 2 drachms; tincture opium, 2 drachms; water, 1 pint. Two or three drops at a time will suffice.

Fifth Month.



31 Days.

LUNATIONS.				BOSTON.			PITTSBURGH.			NEW ORLEANS.			
☾ LAST QUARTER,				D. H. M.			D. H. M.			D. H. M.			
☾ NEW MOON,				3 8 57 Morning.			3 8 21 Morning.			3 7 41 Morning.			
☽ FIRST QUARTER,				11 11 23 Morning.			11 10 47 Morning.			11 10 7 Morning.			
☽ FULL MOON,				18 4 45 Evening.			18 4 9 Evening.			18 3 29 Evening.			
				25 10 39 Morning.			25 10 3 Morning.			25 9 23 Morning.			
D. M.	D. W.	Events, Aspects, and Noted Days.	MOON'S SIGNS.	BOSTON.			PITTSBURGH.			NEW ORLEANS.			
				SUN FAST.	SUN RISES	MOON SETS	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES	
				M. S.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	Sa.	St. Philip.		{ 3 5	4 54	6 59	morn.	4 59	6 55	morn.	5 17	6 37	11 59
(18.) Rogation Sunday.				John xvi.			Day's length, 13 h. 53 min.						
2	S.	Bi. Soci. 1864.		{ 3 12	4 53	7 0	0 28	4 58	6 56	0 23	5 16	6 38	morn.
3	Mo.	St. Alexander.		{ 3 18	4 51	7 1	1 9	4 57	6 53	1 5	5 15	6 39	0 41
4	Tu.	St. Monica.		{ 3 24	4 50	7 2	1 46	4 55	6 50	1 42	5 14	6 39	1 23
5	We.	☽ in perih.		{ 3 30	4 49	7 3	2 18	4 54	7 0	2 15	5 13	6 40	2 0
6	Th.	Ascension Day.		{ 3 35	4 48	7 4	2 46	4 53	7 1	2 41	5 12	6 41	2 35
7	Fr.	☽ in apo. 6th.		{ 3 39	4 47	7 5	3 13	4 52	7 2	3 12	5 12	6 41	3 7
8	Sa.	Gen. Stark d. 1822.		{ 3 43	4 46	7 6	3 30	4 51	7 3	3 39	5 11	6 42	3 39
(19.) Sixth Sunday after Easter.				John xv.			Day's length, 14 h. 15 min.						
9	S.	♀ sup. ☽ ☽.		{ 3 46	4 45	7 7	4 5	4 49	7 4	4 6	5 19	6 45	4 11
10	Mo.	☽ ☽ ☽. 9th.		{ 3 49	4 44	7 8	4 23	4 48	7 5	4 35	5 9	6 43	4 46
11	Tu.	☽ ☽ ☽. Showers.		{ 3 51	4 43	7 9	sets.	4 47	7 6	sets.	5 9	6 44	sets.
12	We.	☽ ☽ ☽.		{ 3 52	4 42	7 10	8 11	4 46	7 6	8 10	5 8	6 45	7 49
13	Th.	Old May-Day.		{ 3 53	4 41	7 11	9 17	4 45	7 7	9 12	5 7	6 45	8 48
14	Fr.	Vaccination, 1796.		{ 3 53	4 40	7 12	10 16	4 44	7 8	10 11	5 7	6 46	9 46
15	Sa.	♀ gr. N. lat.		{ 3 53	4 39	7 13	11 10	4 43	7 9	11 5	5 6	6 46	10 40
(20.) Whit-Sunday, or Pentecost.				John xiv.			Day's length, 14 h. 28 min.						
16	S.	H ☽ ☽. 15th.		{ 3 52	4 38	7 14	11 58	4 42	7 10	11 54	5 5	6 47	11 31
17	Mo.	Dr. Jenner b. 1749.		{ 3 51	4 37	7 15	morn.	4 41	7 11	morn.	5 5	6 48	morn.
18	Tu.	☽ ☽ ☽. Rain.		{ 3 49	4 36	7 16	0 42	4 41	7 12	0 38	5 4	6 48	0 19
19	We.	☽ ☽ ☽. Em. Day.		{ 3 46	4 35	7 17	1 20	4 40	7 13	1 17	5 3	6 49	1 2
20	Th.	Columbus d. 1506.		{ 3 43	4 35	7 18	1 56	4 39	7 14	1 54	5 3	6 49	1 45
21	Fr.	☽ in per. (d. 1802.		{ 3 39	4 34	7 19	2 29	4 38	7 15	2 26	5 3	6 50	2 25
22	Sa.	Martha Washington		{ 3 35	4 33	7 20	3 1	4 37	7 16	3 2	5 2	6 51	3 5
(21.) Trinity Sunday.				John iii.			Day's length, 14 h. 40 min.						
23	S.	1st Newspaper, 1622.		{ 3 30	4 32	7 21	3 34	4 37	7 17	3 36	5 2	6 51	3 45
24	Mo.	Queen Victoria b. '19.		{ 3 25	4 31	7 22	4 9	4 36	7 18	4 12	5 2	6 52	4 27
25	Tu.	♀ in ♀.		{ 3 19	4 30	7 23	rises.	4 35	7 18	rises.	5 2	6 53	rises.
26	We.	☽ ☽ ☽. Rain.		{ 3 13	4 29	7 24	8 32	4 35	7 19	8 27	5 1	6 53	8 3
27	Th.	Corpus Christi.		{ 3 6	4 28	7 25	9 31	4 34	7 20	9 26	5 1	6 54	8 30
28	Fr.	Wm. Pitt b. 1759.		{ 2 59	4 28	7 26	10 22	4 33	7 21	10 17	5 0	6 54	9 32
29	Sa.	♀ gr. E. elong.		{ 2 51	4 27	7 27	11 7	4 33	7 22	11 2	5 0	6 55	10 35
(22.) First Sunday after Trinity.				Luke xvi.			Day's length, 14 h. 50 min.						
30	S.	Alex. Pope d. 1744.		{ 2 43	4 26	7 28	11 45	4 32	7 22	11 41	5 0	6 55	11 21
31	Mo.	St. Petronius.		{ 2 34	4 26	7 28	morn.	4 32	7 23	morn.	4 59	6 56	morn.

CRACKER PUDDING.—One quart milk, three crackers, six eggs, small piece of butter, spice and raisins to taste.

INTERMITTENT AND REMITTENT FEVERS.

FEVER and Ague is, unfortunately, too common a disease to require a particular description here. Its symptoms are familiar to the residents of every marsh, swamp, and newly-cleared forest settlement between the Rio Grande and the Aroostook, the Atlantic and the Pacific. Its varieties are numerous, but only differ from each other in the duration of the hot paroxysms and the length of the cold intervals which separate them. Intermittents are less dangerous than Remittents, but not less harassing and debilitating. "As bad as the third day ague" is a phrase that has become a proverb, and is very properly used to express the *ne plus ultra* of whatever is disagreeable. In Remittents the hot fits occur irregularly, instead of at uniform intervals, as is the case in Intermittents. The liver is also more seriously affected in the former than in the latter. These are the principal differences between the symptoms of the two varieties of malarious fever. All the types of the disease are referable to one cause,—unwholesome exhalations from the water or the soil, or from both. The rich alluvial which borders our western, southwestern, and southern rivers, the moist prairie-lands, the lagoons and swamps of the Gulf States, the wet diggings of California, new clearings in our thickly-wooded districts, and stagnant water everywhere, generate and evolve the mephitic gases which superinduce Fever and Ague. These unhealthy exhalations can only be arrested or modified by drainage and cultivation; but their deleterious effect upon the human system can be prevented by the use of that powerful antiseptic, tonic and alterative, **Hostetter's Bitters**. His gun and his axe are not more essential to the safety of a frontiersman than a supply of the Bitters. They are a sovereign antidote to mala-

ria. Qualify water from a foul soil with them, and it becomes innocuous. Fortify the system with daily doses of the invigorant, and the foggy, miasmatic atmosphere of a swamp may be breathed with comparative impunity. A wineglassful early in the morning, another at noon, and a third at bedtime, will be about the quantity required as a protection against Chills and Fever; and if the water is bad, a single tablespoonful of the Bitters mingled with a tumblerful of it will be found a potent corrective of the noxious principle, whether mineral or the result of vegetable decomposition.

When administered as a remedy, it should be given during the interval of remission,—in other words, when the patient is free from fever. Of course, when the pulse is rapid and the brain excited, it is not advisable to give a stimulant; but during the period of exhaustion let the Bitters be taken as a tonic and anti-bilious medicine. The liver, which is the seat of the disease, will be beneficially acted upon, and the strength of the patient sustained.

Ever since the introduction of the concentrated extract of Peruvian bark, or *quinine*, into medical practice, it has been the *official* remedy for Intermittent Fever; but the experience of nearly half a century has demonstrated that this strong alkaloid is a dangerous medicine. It affects the bones and the brain. The arseniated preparations given for the complaint are still more objectionable, and neither these nor sulphate of quinine uniformly eradicate it. **Hostetter's Bitters**, on the contrary, is not merely harmless, but possesses the positive recommendation of being a **constitutional invigorant and general tonic**, while it is also an *absolute specific for intermittents of every class and in every stage*, as well as a means of preventing them.

Sixth Month.



30 Days.

LUNATIONS.	BOSTON.	PITTSBURGH.	NEW ORLEANS.
☾ LAST QUARTER,	D. H. M. 2 2 37 Morning.	D. H. M. 2 2 1 Morning.	D. H. M. 2 1 21 Morning.
☾ NEW MOON,	9 11 8 Evening.	9 10 32 Evening.	9 9 52 Evening.
☾ FIRST QUARTER,	16 9 31 Evening.	16 8 55 Evening.	16 8 15 Evening.
☾ FULL MOON,	23 8 55 Evening.	23 8 19 Evening.	23 7 39 Evening.

D. M.	D. W.	Events, Aspects, and Noted Days.	MOON'S SIGNS.	SUN FAST. M. S.	BOSTON.			PITTSBURGH.			NEW ORLEANS.		
					SUN RISES H. M.	SUN SETS H. M.	MOON RISES H. M.	SUN RISES H. M.	SUN SETS H. M.	MOON RISES H. M.	SUN RISES H. M.	SUN SETS H. M.	MOON RISES H. M.
1	Tu.	St. Marcellinus.		2 26	4 25	7 29	0 19	4 31	7 24	0 16	4 59	6 56	0 0
2	We.	☾ in apogee.		2 16	4 24	7 30	0 47	4 31	7 25	0 45	4 59	6 57	0 33
3	Th.	☾ Trans. of ♀, 1769.		2 7	4 24	7 30	1 16	4 31	7 25	1 15	4 59	6 57	1 8
4	Fr.	☾ 8 ☉. Rain.		1 57	4 23	7 31	1 42	4 30	7 26	1 41	4 59	6 57	1 38
5	Sa.	Rev. Burder b. 1753.		1 46	4 23	7 32	2 7	4 30	7 27	2 8	4 58	6 56	1 38

(23.) Second Sunday after Trinity.

Luke xiv.

Day's length, 14 h. 57 min.

6	S.	☾ ☉. Storm.		1 36	4 23	7 33	2 34	4 30	7 27	2 36	4 58	6 50	2 41
7	Mo.	☾ in ☉.		1 25	4 22	7 33	3 4	4 29	7 28	3 7	4 58	6 50	3 10
8	Tu.	Jackson d. 1845.		1 14	4 22	7 34	3 37	4 29	7 28	3 40	4 58	6 50	3 57
9	We.	☾ ☉ brightest.		1 2	4 22	7 35	4 16	4 29	7 29	4 20	4 58	6 50	4 41
10	Th.	☾ ☉ ☉. Warm.		0 50	4 22	7 35	sets.	4 29	7 30	sets.	4 58	6 50	sets.
11	Fr.	☾ ☉ ☉ sta.		0 38	4 22	7 36	9 5	4 29	7 30	9 0	4 58	6 50	8 33
12	Sa.	☾ ☉ ☉. 11th.		0 26	4 22	7 37	9 57	4 28	7 31	9 52	4 58	6 50	9 28

(24.) Third Sunday after Trinity.

Luke xv.

Day's length, 15 h. 3 min.

13	S.	Gen. Scott b. 1786.		0 14	4 22	7 37	10 43	4 28	7 31	10 39	4 58	6 50	10 18
14	Mo.	St. Vitus.		slow.	4 22	7 38	11 22	4 28	7 31	11 19	4 58	6 50	11 3
15	Tu.	☾ ☉. Rain.		0 11	4 22	7 38	11 59	4 28	7 32	11 57	4 58	6 50	11 46
16	We.	☾ in perigee.		0 24	4 22	7 38	morn.	4 28	7 32	morn.	4 58	6 50	11 3
17	Th.	☾ St. Alban.		0 37	4 22	7 39	0 33	4 29	7 33	0 32	4 59	6 50	0 27
18	Fr.	☾ ♀. 17th.		0 50	4 22	7 39	1 6	4 29	7 33	1 6	4 59	6 50	1 7
19	Sa.	☾ in aph. 18th.		1 3	4 23	7 39	1 37	4 29	7 33	1 38	4 59	6 50	1 45

(25.) Fourth Sunday after Trinity.

Luke vi.

Day's length, 15 h. 4 min.

20	S.	St. Basil.		1 16	4 23	7 39	2 10	4 29	7 33	2 12	4 59	6 50	2 24
21	Mo.	☾ enters ☉.		1 29	4 23	7 39	2 47	4 29	7 34	2 49	4 59	6 50	3 6
22	Tu.	☾ ☉. Sum. beg.		1 42	4 23	7 40	3 26	4 29	7 34	3 30	5 0	6 50	3 51
23	We.	Josephine b. 1763		1 55	4 23	7 40	rises.	4 30	7 34	rises.	5 0	6 50	4 31
24	Th.	Nativ. J. Bap.		2 8	4 24	7 40	8 13	4 30	7 34	8 8	5 0	6 50	4 41
25	Fr.	☾ ☉ H.		2 21	4 24	7 40	9 1	4 30	7 34	8 56	5 0	6 50	4 32
26	Sa.	Jeremiah.		2 34	4 24	7 40	9 41	4 31	7 34	9 37	5 1	6 50	4 32

(26.) Fifth Sunday after Trinity.

Luke v.

Day's length, 15 h. 3 min.

27	S.	Dr. Dodd execu. 1777.		2 46	4 25	7 40	10 19	4 31	7 34	10 15	5 1	6 50	4 32
28	Mo.	☾ in perih.		2 58	4 25	7 40	10 49	4 31	7 34	10 46	5 1	6 50	4 32
29	Tu.	St. Peter.		3 10	4 25	7 40	11 18	4 32	7 34	11 16	5 2	6 50	4 32
30	We.	☾ in apogee.		3 22	4 25	7 40	11 45	4 32	7 34	11 44	5 2	6 50	4 32

LIGHT TEA-CAKE.—One cup sugar, two eggs, one-half cup melted butter, one and one-fourth cup of milk, two teaspoons cream-tartar, one teaspoon soda, flour to make a stiff batter. It will bake in twenty minutes if the oven is hot.

GINGERBREAD PUDDING.—Three and one-half cups flour, one-half cup butter, rubbed in the flour, one and a half cups milk, one cup molasses, one teaspoon saleratus. Steam three hours. Sauce.



A SLIGHT MISUNDERSTANDING.

MAMMA.—“What is the matter, Helen?—what are you crying for?”

HELEN.—“‘Cause I don’t want ‘Old Dolly’ for my sister!”

MAMMA.—“Your sister!—what do you mean?”

HELEN.—“‘Cause you said *you had her* before I was born.”

In calling upon Hostetter & Smith, the deservedly famous manufacturers of Hostetter’s Stomach Bitters, we were surprised at the amount of capital, energy, and systematic order with which the printing incidental to the house is carried on. Hostetter & Smith publish annually three millions and a half of Almanacs, full of useful reading, for free distribution. They have six fast presses and sixty hands all the year around at work, and are bound to begin twelve months previous to the issue of each year’s Almanac. Many will wonder at the vast patronage which keeps their house so busy. If you want to get into their secret, it is, simply,

their **Celebrated Stomach Bitters** is a good and wholesome article, that is worth all that is asked for it.—*Nashville Press and Times*, Jan. 1867.

A MISERLY old farmer, who had lost one of his best hands in the midst of hay-making, remarked to the sexton, as he was filling up the grave, “It’s a sad thing to lose a good mower in time like this; but, after all, poor Tom was a great eater!”

“POMPEY,” said a good-natured gentleman to his colored man, “I did not know till to-day that you had been whipped last week.”

“Didn’t you, massa?” replied Pompey. “I—I know’d it jist de same time it occurred.”

Seventh Month.



31
Days.

LUNATIONS.	BOSTON.	PITTSBURGH.	NEW ORLEANS.
☾ LAST QUARTER,	D. H. M.	D. H. M.	D. H. M.
☽ NEW MOON,	1 8 2 Evening.	1 7 26 Evening.	1 6 46 Evening.
☽ FIRST QUARTER,	9 8 53 Morning.	9 8 17 Morning.	9 7 37 Morning.
☽ FULL MOON,	16 2 4 Morning.	16 1 28 Morning.	16 0 48 Morning.
☾ LAST QUARTER,	23 9 10 Morning.	23 8 34 Morning.	23 7 54 Morning.
	31 0 22 Evening.	31 11 46 Morning.	31 11 6 Morning.

D. M.	D. W.	Events, Aspects, and Noted Days.	MOON'S SIGNS.	SUN SLOW. M. S.	BOSTON.			PITTSBURGH.			NEW ORLEANS.		
					SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES
1	Th.	☾ R. Peel d. 1850.	☾	3 34	4 26	7 40	morn.	4 33	7 34	morn.	5 2	7 5	morn.
2	Fr.	☽ Madeira discov.	☽	3 45	4 26	7 40	0 11	4 33	7 34	0 11	5 3	7 5	0 12
3	Sa.	☽ in apogee. [1491.	☽	3 56	4 27	7 40	0 37	4 34	7 34	0 38	5 3	7 5	0 43

(27.) Sixth Sunday after Trinity.

Matt. v.

Day's length, 15 h. 0 min.

4	S.	☽ ☽ ☽.	Hail.	☾	4 7	4 27	7 39	1 4	4 34	7 34	1 6	5 4	7 5	1 17
5	Mo.	☽ Demetrius.		☽	4 17	4 23	7 39	1 34	4 35	7 33	1 37	5 4	7 5	1 53
6	Tu.	☽ sta.		☽	4 27	4 29	7 39	2 10	4 35	7 33	2 14	5 5	7 4	2 34
7	We.	☽ Willibald.		☽	4 37	4 29	7 39	2 53	4 36	7 33	2 57	5 5	7 4	3 20
8	Th.	☽ ☽ ☽. ☽ gr. S. lat.		☽	4 46	4 30	7 38	3 39	4 37	7 32	3 44	5 5	7 4	4 9
9	Fr.	☽ ☽ ☽. ☽ ☽ ☽.		☽	4 56	4 31	7 38	sets.	4 37	7 32	sets.	5 6	7 4	sets.
10	Sa.	☽ ☽ ☽. ☽ ☽ ☽.	Rain.	☽	5 4	4 31	7 38	8 38	4 38	7 32	8 34	5 6	7 4	8 11

(28.) Seventh Sunday after Trinity.

Mark viii.

Day's length, 14 h. 52 min.

11	S.	☽ St. Pius.		☽	5 12	4 32	7 37	9 23	4 39	7 31	9 19	5 7	7 4	9 0
12	Mo.	☽ in perigee.		☽	5 19	4 33	7 37	10 1	4 39	7 31	9 58	5 7	7 3	9 45
13	Tu.	☽ New York riot, 1863.		☽	5 26	4 34	7 36	10 36	4 40	7 30	10 25	5 8	7 3	10 28
14	We.	☽ ☽ ☽.	Dry.	☽	5 33	4 35	7 36	11 8	4 41	7 30	11 8	5 9	7 2	11 7
15	Th.	☽ St. Swithin.		☽	5 39	4 36	7 35	11 41	4 42	7 29	11 42	5 9	7 2	11 47
16	Fr.	☽ gr. W. elong.		☽	5 45	4 37	7 34	morn.	4 42	7 28	morn.	5 10	7 2	morn.
17	Sa.	☽ Dr. Watts b. 1674		☽	5 50	4 38	7 34	0 13	4 43	7 28	0 15	5 10	7 1	0 26

(29.) Eighth Sunday after Trinity.

Matt. vii.

Day's length, 14 h. 43 min.

18	S.	☽ Petrarch d. 1374.		☽	5 55	4 39	7 33	0 47	4 44	7 27	0 50	5 11	7 1	1 6
19	Mo.	☽ ☽ ☽.	Sultry.	☽	5 59	4 39	7 32	1 25	4 45	7 27	1 29	5 11	7 0	1 49
20	Tu.	☽ gr. N. lat.		☽	6 3	4 40	7 32	2 7	4 46	7 26	2 12	5 12	7 0	2 36
21	We.	☽ R. Burns d. 1796.		☽	6 6	4 41	7 31	2 51	4 47	7 25	2 59	5 12	6 59	3 14
22	Th.	☽ Mary Magdalene.		☽	6 9	4 42	7 30	3 46	4 47	7 24	3 51	5 13	6 59	4 18
23	Fr.	☽ ☽ eclipsed.		☽	6 11	4 43	7 29	rises.	4 48	7 23	rises.	5 13	6 58	rises.
24	Sa.	☽ St. Christiana.		☽	6 12	4 44	7 28	8 17	4 49	7 23	8 13	5 14	6 58	7 53

(30.) Ninth Sunday after Trinity.

Luke xvi.

Day's length, 14 h. 32 min.

25	S.	☽ Payson bo. 1733.		☽	6 13	4 45	7 27	8 51	4 50	7 22	8 48	5 15	6 57	8 32
26	Mo.	☽ St. Anne.		☽	6 13	4 46	7 26	9 10	4 51	7 21	9 17	5 15	6 57	9 6
27	Tu.	☽ ☽ ☽. ☽ in ☽.		☽	6 13	4 47	7 25	9 47	4 52	7 20	9 46	5 16	6 56	9 39
28	We.	☽ in perigee.		☽	6 12	4 48	7 24	10 12	4 53	7 19	10 12	5 16	6 55	10 11
29	Th.	☽ Dog-Days begin.		☽	6 10	4 49	7 23	10 38	4 54	7 18	10 39	5 17	6 55	10 43
30	Fr.	☽ W. Penn d. 1718		☽	6 8	4 50	7 22	11 5	4 55	7 17	11 7	5 17	6 54	11 15
31	Sa.	☽ Gen. Thomas b. 16		☽	6 5	4 51	7 21	11 34	4 56	7 16	11 37	5 18	6 53	11 50

JUMBLES.—Three eggs, one and one-fourth cups sugar, one cup butter, three tablespoons sour milk, a little saleratus, flour to mix hard. Roll on sugar after it is kneaded and rolled.

HOME PUDDING.—Six crackers powdered fine, one quart boiling milk, one spoonful flour, one cup brown sugar, six eggs, raisins, currants, and mixed spices to taste. Bake. Sauce.

CONSTIPATION.

It has been said by a distinguished homœopathist, that "every one whose bowels are constipated may congratulate himself that he has no worse complaint," inasmuch as "all who are disposed to costiveness live long and keep their strength, except when they injure themselves by taking aperient medicine." In this statement there is some truth and some falsehood. It is true that persons of a "costive habit of body," as the phrase is, are generally blessed with tolerably vigorous constitutions, and that there are many bodily ills more dangerous than constipation. But it is *not* true that *all* aperients are injurious to those who suffer from this complaint. The drastic cathartics invariably do harm, but a preparation like **Hostetter's Bitters**, that acts *mildly, painlessly, and slowly* upon the bowels and at the same time

regulates the liver (the organ upon whose proper action a healthy condition of the intestines in a great measure depends), is the best possible specific for constipation. Moreover, the disease, although not dangerous *per se*, may give rise, if suffered to go on unchecked, to a variety of perilous disorders, to say nothing of the pain, inconvenience, and mental stupefaction which always, in a greater or less degree, accompany it. The Bitters are the very best preventive of and remedy for costiveness at present known. By almost imperceptible degrees they restore the constricted bowels to a condition of health and vigor. Whoever desires perfect regularity of the excretive function, and the comfort which it secures, will find that nothing promotes that object more effectually than **Hostetter's Bitters**.

PHRENZY OR SOUGH IN CATTLE is well known to the farmer and practitioner. The causes are much the same as apoplexy,—too stimulating food, too much blood, &c. It is difficult to treat, owing to the danger of approaching the animal. When this can be done, however, he should be bled in the neck till he drops. Then the following *strong physic drink* should be given:—Epsom or Glauber salts, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.; kernel of croton-nut, 10 grs. Rub to a fine powder. Mix with $\frac{1}{2}$ pint thick gruel, and give it; and immediately afterwards give the salts mixed in $\frac{1}{2}$ pint thinner gruel. This treatment must be kept up whilst any violence remains.

An Irishman having challenged a gentleman to fight a duel, who somehow *forgot* to attend the appointment, met accidentally the same day the offending party, and thus addressed him: "Well, sir, I met you this morning, but you did not come; however, I am determined to meet you tomorrow morning whether you come or not!"

DRESS OINTMENT FOR CATTLE.—Tar, 1 lb.; resin, 1 lb.; spirits turpentine, 1 lb.; tallow, 3 lb.; oil vitriol, 5 oz.; sulphate copper, 5 oz.; alum, 5 oz. Mix very cautiously.

A WAGGISH editor says that the streets of one of the western cities are to be lighted with red-headed girls. We'd like to hug the lamp-posts.

"You don't seem to know how to take me," said a vulgar fellow to a gentleman he had insulted. "Yes, I do," said the gentleman, taking him by the nose.

TO PRESERVE FRUIT-TREES FROM MICE AND INSECTS.—Apply, early in the fall, around the root a thick layer of lime and ashes. It would be well to sink the earth around the tree about six inches, throw in a few shovelfuls of the lime and ashes, and then cover up with earth, tramping it well down.

A MISUNDERSTANDING.—*Polite Gentleman*.—Good-morning, sir. How do you feel yourself to-day? *Deaf Gentleman*.—Very stormy and disagreeable. *Polite Gentleman* (*slightly astonished, but determined to recover lost ground*).—Indeed! how is your wife, sir? *Deaf Gentleman*.—Very windy and blustering, indeed.

COCOA-NUT PIE.—Cut off the brown part of the cocoa-nut, grate the white part, and mix it with milk, and set it on the fire and let it boil slowly eight or ten minutes. To a pound of the cocoa-nut allow a quart of milk, eight eggs, four tablespoonsful of sifted white sugar, a glass of wine, a small cracker pounded fine, two spoonfuls of melted butter, and half a nutmeg. The eggs and sugar should be beaten together to a froth, then the wine stirred in. Put them into the milk and cocoa-nut, which should be first allowed to get quite cool; add the cracker and nutmeg, turn the whole into deep pie-plates, with a lining and rim of puff-paste. Bake them as soon as turned into the plates.

THE mother of a large family was one day asked the number of her children. "Thirteen," she replied, looking to and fro, "I've got fourteen, mostly boys and girls."

Eighth Month.



31 Days.

LUNATIONS.	BOSTON.	PITTSBURGH.	NEW ORLEANS.
☉ NEW MOON,	D. H. M. 7 5 24 Evening.	D. H. M. 7 4 48 Evening.	D. H. M. 7 4 8 Evening.
☾ FIRST QUARTER,	14 7 57 Morning.	14 7 21 Morning.	14 6 41 Morning.
☽ FULL MOON,	21 11 39 Evening.	21 11 3 Evening.	21 10 23 Evening.
☾ LAST QUARTER,	30 3 14 Morning.	30 2 38 Morning.	30 1 58 Morning.

D. M.	D. W.	Events, Aspects, and Noted Days.	MOON'S SIGNS.	SUN SLOW. M. S.	BOSTON.			PITTSBURGH.			NEW ORLEANS		
					SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES
					H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.

(31.) Tenth Sunday after Trinity. Luke xix. Day's length, 14 h. 13 min.

1 S.	Lammas Day.		6 1	4 52	7 20	morn.	4 57	7 15	morn.	5 19	6 53	morn.
2 Mo.	☽ ☽ ☽. 1st.		5 57	4 53	7 19	0 6	4 58	7 14	0 9	5 20	6 52	0 26
3 Tu.	Burr's trial, 1807.		5 53	4 54	7 18	0 43	4 58	7 13	0 47	5 20	6 51	1 8
4 We.	St. Dominic.		5 47	4 55	7 16	1 27	4 59	7 11	1 32	5 21	6 50	1 60
5 Th.	☽ ☽ ☽. Rain.		5 41	4 56	7 15	2 20	5 0	7 10	2 25	5 21	6 50	2 52
6 Fr.	☽ ☽ ☽. Tran. of our Lord		5 35	4 57	7 14	3 19	5 1	7 9	3 24	5 22	6 49	3 40
7 Sa.	☽ ☽ ☽. Name of Jesus.		5 28	4 58	7 13	4 28	5 2	7 8	4 32	5 22	6 48	4 55

(32.) Eleventh Sunday after Trinity. Luke xviii. Day's length, 14 h. 4 min.

8 S.	☽ eclipsed. 7th.		5 20	4 59	7 11	sets.	5 3	7 7	sets.	5 23	6 47	sets.
9 Mo.	☽ ☽ ☽. ☽ in per.		5 12	5 0	7 10	8 34	5 4	7 5	8 32	5 24	6 46	8 23
10 Tu.	Gen. Lyon fell, 1861.		5 3	5 1	7 9	9 8	5 5	7 4	9 7	5 24	6 45	9 3
11 We.	☽ ☽ ☽. ☽ sup. ☽ ☽.		4 53	5 2	7 8	9 41	5 6	7 3	9 42	5 25	6 44	9 45
12 Th.	☽ ☽ ☽. Thunder.		4 43	5 3	7 7	10 15	5 7	7 2	10 17	5 26	6 43	10 25
13 Fr.	☽ ☽ ☽. Queen Adelaide		4 33	5 4	7 5	10 48	5 8	7 0	10 51	5 26	6 42	11 6
14 Sa.	☽ ☽ ☽. h sta. [b. 1792.		4 22	5 5	7 4	11 25	5 9	6 59	11 29	5 27	6 41	11 48

(33.) Twelfth Sunday after Trinity. Mark vii. Day's length, 13 h. 48 min.

15 S.	☽ in ☽. h ☽ ☽.		4 10	5 6	7 2	morn.	5 10	6 58	morn.	5 27	6 40	morn.
16 Mo.	Lopez shot, 1851.		3 58	5 7	7 1	0 5	5 11	6 55	0 11	5 28	6 39	0 31
17 Tu.	Dr. Cutler d. 1765.		3 48	5 8	7 0	0 51	5 12	6 55	0 56	5 29	6 38	1 21
18 We.	L'd Russell d. 1792.		3 33	5 9	6 58	1 41	5 13	6 53	1 46	5 29	6 37	2 13
19 Th.	Lewis. Storm.		3 19	5 10	6 56	2 35	5 14	6 52	2 40	5 30	6 36	3 5
20 Fr.	☽ ☽ ☽. Wayne's vic. 1794		3 5	5 11	6 15	3 33	5 15	6 50	3 37	5 30	6 35	4 0
21 Sa.	☽ ☽ ☽. Maximilian.		2 51	5 12	6 54	rises.	5 16	6 49	rises.	5 31	6 34	rises.

(34.) Thirteenth Sunday after Trinity. Luke x. Day's length, 13 h. 31 min.

22 S.	Dr. Gall d. 1825.		2 26	5 14	6 52	7 22	5 17	6 48	7 19	5 32	6 33	7 6
23 Mo.	Com. Perry d. 1820.		2 21	5 15	6 51	7 10	5 18	6 46	7 48	5 32	6 32	7 40
24 Tu.	St. Barthol.		2 5	5 16	6 49	8 16	5 19	6 45	8 15	5 33	6 31	8 12
25 We.	☽ in apogee.		1 49	5 17	6 48	8 40	5 20	6 43	8 41	5 33	6 30	8 44
26 Th.	Cesar in Eng. 55.		1 32	5 18	6 46	9 7	5 21	6 41	9 8	5 34	6 29	9 15
27 Fr.	Dog-Days end.		1 15	5 19	6 44	9 35	5 22	6 40	9 37	5 34	6 28	9 49
28 Sa.	☽ ☽ ☽. Dry.		0 58	5 20	6 42	10 5	5 23	6 38	10 8	5 35	6 26	10 24

(35.) Fourteenth Sunday after Trinity. Luke xvii. Day's length, 13 h. 13 min.

29 S.	John Bapt. beheaded		0 40	5 21	6 41	10 39	5 24	6 37	10 43	5 35	6 25	11 3
30 Mo.	Fire in Lond. 1836		0 22	5 22	6 39	11 19	5 25	6 35	11 21	5 36	6 24	11 48
31 Tu.	Bunyan d. 1688.		0 3	5 23	6 37	morn.	5 26	6 34	morn.	5 36	6 23	morn.

FLANNEL ROLLS.—One cup sweet milk, whites of two eggs, two-third cup butter, flour to make a thick batter, one-half cup yeast, two tablespoons sugar. Raise over night: add the eggs and butter in the morning.

DIARRHŒA.

A STRONG purgative to clear the bowels, to be succeeded by an astringent to *seal them up*, is the usual prescription for ordinary diarrhœa. This species of treatment is radically wrong, unphilosophical in theory, worse than useless in practice. In this complaint the interior membrane of the alimentary canal is in a highly irritated and sensitive condition: indeed, this is the immediate cause of the unnatural flux. Can any rational being believe that the inflamed lining of the intestine can be soothed and healed by sending an abrasive cathartic through the organ, or that after such violence it can be suddenly restored to its normal state by equally violent constriction? The discharging organs never require such rough

usage. Tone them with small doses of *Hostetter's Bitters*. Help nature with this well-balanced compound, in which the properties of an emollient and a tonic are judiciously united. The complaint is in itself sufficiently weakening, without medicinal depletion. The very slight cathartic property of the preparation is quite sufficient to carry off any causes of irritation that may exist in the bowels; and its strengthening and regulating tendency will have the happiest effect in gradually arresting their diseased action. The liver must be affected in order to complete the cure of diarrhœa; and the Bitters, as has been already stated, operate specifically upon that important gland.

DYSENTERY

- Consists of a constant straining and desire to evacuate the bowels, violent pains in the abdomen, more or less fever, and discharges of mucus or blood, or both.

As a tonic, to sustain the stamina of persons laboring under this exhausting disease, and because of their alterative tendency, the Bitters will be found a useful auxiliary in the treat-

ment of dysentery. The complaint is much more prevalent than it would be if due precautions were taken to avoid its attacks. It may be safely asserted that persons who promptly resort to the Bitters whenever they feel any premonitory symptoms of bowel-complaint will be pretty sure to escape the visitations of dysentery.

TOO MUCH FOR HER.—A good story is related of a prudish old maid who applied at a certain fashionable photograph-gallery in this city to have her picture taken. As old maids are generally of a very inquisitive nature, always poking around where they have no business, she accidentally looked into the machine, and to her horror discovered that objects are reflected inverted, or, as she expressed it, "upside down." She peremptorily refused to sit any more, and, adjusting her bonnet-ribbons, remarked that "that game was played out. She wasn't going to be stuck up in that manner, if she never had a picture;" and, with a swing of the "tilter" which would have done credit to a New York Broadway fashionable, she sailed from the room with an air of insulted dignity.

TO CLEANSE WOOL OF GUMMY MATTER.—Take one pound of saleratus for twelve

pounds of wool; dissolve in water not quite boiling-hot; put in the wool, and stir occasionally for an hour; then run it through a clothes-wringer, rinse in cold water, and spread on the grass to dry.

"JENNIE," said a venerable Scotchman to his daughter, who was asking his consent to accompany her urgent and favored suitor to the altar,—"Jennie, it's a very solemn thing to get married." "I know it, father," replied the sensible damsel; "but it's a good deal selenner *not* to get married."

CURE FOR BOTTS.—Give the horse one ounce of slaked lime, three times a week, mixed with his food, for two or three weeks.

WHY IS YOUR NOSE IN THE MIDDLE OF YOUR FACE? Because it is the *scenter*.

Ninth
Month.



30
Days.

SEPTEMBER

LUNATIONS.	BOSTON.	PITTSBURGH.	NEW ORLEANS.
● NEW MOON,	D. H. M. 6 1 22 Morning.	D. H. M. 6 0 46 Morning.	D. H. M. 6 0 6 Morning.
☾ FIRST QUARTER,	12 4 39 Evening.	12 4 3 Evening.	12 3 23 Evening.
☾ FULL MOON,	20 3 57 Evening.	20 3 21 Evening.	20 2 41 Evening.
☾ LAST QUARTER,	28 4 26 Evening.	28 3 50 Evening.	28 3 10 Evening.

D. M.	D. W.	Events, Aspects, and Noted Days.	MOON'S SIGNS.	BOSTON.			PITTSBURGH.			NEW ORLEANS.		
				SUN FAST. M. S.	SUN RISES H. M.	SUN SETS H. M.	MOON RISES H. M.	SUN RISES H. M.	SUN SETS H. M.	MOON RISES H. M.	SUN RISES H. M.	SUN SETS H. M.
1	We.	St. Giles.		0 16	5 24	6 36	0 6	5 27	6 32	0 11	5 37	6 22
2	Th.	St. Giles. Dry.	☾	0 35	5 26	6 35	1 1	5 28	6 30	1 6	5 37	6 21
3	Fr.	☾ ☐ ☐. ☽ in ☐.	☾	0 54	5 27	6 33	2 3	5 29	6 29	2 8	5 38	6 19
4	Sa.	Riot in Glasgow, 1787.	☾	1 14	5 28	6 31	3 14	5 30	6 27	3 18	5 39	6 18

(36.) Fifteenth Sunday after Trinity.

Matt. vi.

Day's length, 12 h. 55 min.

5	S.	Malta taken, 1800.	☾	1 33	5 29	6 30	4 27	5 31	6 26	4 30	5 39	6 17
6	Mo.	☾ in perigee.	☾	1 51	5 30	6 28	sets.	5 32	6 24	sets.	5 40	6 16
7	Tu.	☾ ☐ ☐. Rain.	☾	2 14	5 31	6 26	7 38	5 33	6 22	7 38	5 40	6 14
8	We.	Nativ. Virg. Mary.	☾	2 31	5 32	6 25	8 12	5 34	6 21	8 13	5 41	6 13
9	Th.	☾ ☐ ☐. ☽ sta.	☾	2 55	5 33	6 23	8 47	5 35	6 19	8 49	5 41	6 12
10	Fr.	Pulcheria.	☾	3 16	5 34	6 21	9 24	5 36	6 17	9 27	5 42	6 11
11	Sa.	☾ ☐ ☐. Sultry.	☾	3 37	5 35	6 19	10 5	5 36	6 16	10 9	5 42	6 10

(37.) Sixteenth Sunday after Trinity.

Luke vii.

Day's length, 12 h. 37 min.

12	S.	B. Hobart d. 1830.	☾	3 58	5 36	6 17	10 40	5 37	6 14	10 54	5 43	6 8
13	Mo.	C. J. Fox d. 1806.	☾	4 19	5 37	6 16	11 33	5 38	6 12	11 43	5 44	6 7
14	Tu.	Holy Cross.	☾	4 40	5 38	6 14	morn.	5 39	6 11	morn.	5 44	6 6
15	We.	St. Anaph. 1st 13. 14th	☾	5 1	5 39	6 12	0 31	5 40	6 9	0 36	5 45	6 5
16	Th.	Delhi capt. 1803.	☾	5 22	5 40	6 11	1 26	5 41	6 7	1 31	5 45	6 3
17	Fr.	Lambert.	☾	5 43	5 41	6 9	2 24	5 42	6 6	2 28	5 45	6 2
18	Sa.	M. Prior d. 1721.	☾	6 4	5 42	6 7	3 23	5 43	6 4	3 26	5 46	6 1

(38.) Seventeenth Sunday after Trinity.

Luke xiv.

Day's length, 12 h. 18 min.

19	S.	1st printed book, 1471	☾	6 25	5 43	6 5	4 23	5 44	6 2	4 25	5 46	6 0
20	Mo.	Gr. storm, 1846.	☾	6 46	5 44	6 4	rises.	5 45	6 1	rises.	5 47	6 59
21	Tu.	St. Matth. ☐ in ☐.	☾	7 7	5 45	6 2	6 45	5 46	5 59	6 45	5 48	6 57
22	We.	☐ enters ☐. ☐.	☾	7 28	5 46	6 0	7 11	5 47	5 57	7 12	5 48	6 56
23	Th.	Autumn begins.	☾	7 48	5 47	5 58	7 37	5 48	5 56	7 33	5 49	6 55
24	Fr.	☐ ☐ ☐. Windy.	☾	8 9	5 48	5 56	8 6	5 49	5 54	8 9	5 49	6 54
25	Sa.	☐ gr. E. elong.	☾	8 29	5 49	5 54	8 28	5 50	5 52	8 42	5 50	6 52

(39.) Eighteenth Sunday after Trinity.

Matt. xxii.

Day's length, 12 h. 0 min.

26	S.	St. Cyprian.	☾	8 50	5 50	5 52	9 16	5 51	5 51	9 20	5 51	5 51
27	Mo.	Dan. Boone d. 1820.	☾	9 10	5 51	5 50	9 58	5 52	5 49	10 3	5 51	5 50
28	Tu.	☐ ☐ ☐. 29th.	☾	9 30	5 53	5 49	10 49	5 53	5 47	10 54	5 52	5 49
29	We.	St. Michael.	☾	9 49	5 54	5 47	11 46	5 54	5 46	11 51	5 52	5 47
30	Th.	Whitefield d. 1770.	☾	10 9	5 55	5 45	morn.	5 55	5 44	morn.	5 53	5 46

TAPIOCA CREAM.—Soak two spoonfuls tapioca for two hours. Boil one quart milk, add the tapioca, put in the yolks of three eggs, well beaten, with a cup and a half of sugar; let this just boil up, and set it away to cool. Beat the whites of

the eggs to a stiff froth, and add on top as for boiled custard.

POP-OVERS.—Four eggs, four cups flour, four cups milk, small piece melted butter, and a little salt.



A MORNING CONCERT.

WIFE.—"George! George! You are not in Church!"

MILK DISEASE, OR TREMBLES.—This distressing, and usually fatal, disease is peculiar to America, and is met with in all the States west of the Alleghanies. Best authorities attribute it to the *poison-oak*, as the disease is most prevalent where this shrub grows thickest, and is never known where it is not. The disease does not occur until vegetation comes forth in the spring, and subsides after first frost in the fall.

The best remedy yet known, is to feed the animal on abundance of *Indian corn*. It will produce purging when every thing else fails. Hence its efficacy.

"You need a little sun and air," said a physician to a maiden patient. "If I do," was the reply, "I'll have to wait till I get a husband."

REMEDY FOR STRAIN IN HORSES.—Take whiskey, $\frac{1}{2}$ pint; camphor, 1 oz.; sharp vinegar, 1 pint. Mix. Used for bathing.

MORE TRUTH THAN POETRY.—The following conversation between a colored prisoner and a temperance lecturer who was in search of facts to fortify his positions and illustrate his subject, explains itself:—

"What brought you to prison, my colored friend?"

"Two constables, sah."

"Yes; but I mean had intemperance any thing to do with it?"

"Yes, sah; dey wuz bofe uv 'em drunk, sah."

THE favorite air now-a-days is a million-airs.

OCTOBER m

31
Days.

LUNATIONS.	BOSTON.	PITTSBURGH.	NEW ORLEANS.
☉ NEW MOON,	D. H. M. 5 9 35 Morning.	D. H. M. 5 8 59 Morning.	D. H. M. 5 8 19 Morning.
☾ FIRST QUARTER,	12 5 18 Morning.	12 4 42 Morning.	12 4 2 Morning.
☾ FULL MOON,	20 9 13 Morning.	20 8 37 Morning.	20 7 57 Morning.
☾ LAST QUARTER,	28 3 50 Morning.	28 3 14 Morning.	28 2 34 Morning.

N.	D. M.	D. W.	Events, Aspects, and Noted Days.	MOON'S SIGNS.	SUN FAST. M. S.	BOSTON.			PITTSBURGH.			NEW ORLEANS.		
						SUN	SUN	MOON	SUN	SUN	MOON	SUN	SUN	MOON
						RISES	SETS	RISES	RISES	SETS	RISES	RISES	SETS	RISES
						H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
2	1	1	First Steambo. 1807. Andre execu. 1780.		{ 10 28 10 47	5 56 5 57	5 43 5 42	0 52 2 1	5 56 5 57	5 42 5 41	0 56 2 5	5 53 5 53	5 45 5 44	1 19 2 24

(40.) Nineteenth Sunday after Trinity.

Matt. ix.

Day's length, 11 h. 41 min.

3	S.	Burchy d. 1690.		{ 11 5	5 58	5 40	3 15	5 58	5 39	3 18	5 54	5 43	3 31
4	Mo.	♂ gr. S. lat.		{ 11 24	5 59	5 39	4 31	5 59	5 37	4 32	5 55	5 41	4 39
5	Th.	♂ in perigee.		{ 11 41	6 1	5 38	sets.	6 0	5 36	sets.	5 56	5 40	sets.
6	W.	 ♂ — ♂		{ 11 59	6 2	5 36	6 41	6 1	5 34	6 43	5 56	5 39	6 52
7	Th.	♂ ♂.		{ 12 16	6 3	5 34	7 17	6 2	5 33	7 20	5 57	5 38	7 36
8	Fr.	♂ — ♂ sta.		{ 12 32	6 4	5 33	7 58	6 3	5 31	8 2	5 58	5 37	8 22
9	Sa.	♂ ♂.		{ 12 49	6 5	5 31	8 42	6 4	5 29	8 47	5 58	5 35	9 1

(41.) Twentieth Sunday after Trinity.

Matt. xxi.

Day's length, 11 h. 22 min.

10	N.	Symphorien.		13	5	6	6	5	20	9	30	6	6	5	28	9	35	5	59	5	34	10	2
11	Mo.	Varna taken, 1828. 		13	20	6	8	5	28	10	23	6	7	5	26	10	28	6	0	5	33	10	55
12	Tu.	First Visc. 1440.		13	24	6	9	5	26	11	19	6	8	5	25	11	24	6	0	5	32	11	49
13	We.	St. Edward.		13	49	6	10	5	24	morn.	6	9	5	23	morn.	6	1	5	31	morn.			
14	Th.	St. Calistus.		14	2	6	11	5	22	0	18	6	10	5	22	0	22	6	2	5	30	0	45
15	Fr.	H.  Storm.		14	15	6	12	5	20	1	15	6	11	5	20	1	19	6	2	5	29	1	38
16	Sa.	No.  Webster b. 1758.		14	28	6	13	5	19	2	16	6	12	5	19	2	18	6	3	5	28	2	33

(42.) Twenty-First Sunday after Trinity.

John i.

Day's length, 11 h. 4 min.

17	S.	St. Hedwig.		14	40	6	14	5	17	3	12	6	13	5	17	3	14	6	4	5	27	3	23
18	Tu.	St. Luko. ♀ in aph.		14	51	6	15	5	16	4	10	6	14	5	16	4	11	6	4	5	26	4	15
19	Mo.	♂ in apo. 18th.		15	2	6	17	5	14	5	8	6	15	5	15	5	8	6	5	25	5	7	
20	We.	♂ inf. ♂.		15	12	6	18	5	13	rises.		6	16	5	13	rises.		6	5	5	24	rises.	
21	Th.	Lamarine born		15	21	6	19	5	11	6	8	6	17	5	11	6	11	6	6	5	23	6	24
22	Fr.	♂ & ♀ Wind. 1790.		15	30	6	21	5	10	6	39	6	19	5	10	6	43	6	7	5	22	7	2
23	Sa.	Irish Rebellion.		15	38	6	22	5	8	7	15	6	20	5	8	7	19	6	8	5	21	7	42

(43.) Twenty-Second Sunday after Trinity. Matt. xviii.

Day's length, 10 h. 46 min.

24	S.	♂ in Ω.	23d.		15	45	6	23	5	7	7	55	6	21	5	7	8	0	6	8	5	20	8	25
25	Mo.	Crispin.	♂ h.		15	52	6	24	5	5	8	42	6	22	5	6	8	47	6	9	5	19	9	14
26	Tu.	Doddridge d.	1751.		15	58	6	25	5	4	9	87	6	23	5	4	9	42	6	10	5	18	10	9
27	We.	H ♂ C.	<i>Serene.</i>		16	3	6	27	5	2	10	26	6	24	5	3	10	41	6	11	5	17	11	5
28	Th.	SS. Simon, Jude.			16	7	6	28	5	1	11	43	6	25	5	2	11	47	6	11	5	16	morn.	
29	Fr.	H & ♂ sta.	28th.		16	11	6	29	5	0	morn.	6	27	5	1	morn.	6	12	5	15	0	8		
30	Sa.	Last Crusade,	1270.		16	14	6	31	4	58	0	64	6	28	4	59	0	57	6	13	5	14	1	13

(44.) Twenty-Third Sunday after Trinity. Matt. xxii.

Day's length, 10 h, 29 min.

31	S.	Hallow Eve.		{ 16 16	6 32	4 57	2 7	6 29	4 58	2 9	6 14	5 13	2 18
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GERMAN PUFFS.—One quart of milk, six eggs, sixteen tablespoonfuls of flour, and a little salt. Bake in small tins or cups.

NERVOUS AFFECTIONS.

THE shapes of the clouds and the trees do not differ more widely than the forms of nervous disease. Sometimes both the mind and body are affected, sometimes the body only, and often the complaint is confined to a single member. In one class of cases the motive nerves alone are disordered, as in St. Vitus's Dance; in another class the nerves of sensation only are attacked, as in neuralgia, tic-douloureux, toothache, earache, &c. Pain is, in fact, the immediate consequence of a disturbed condition of the nervous system; for only through the delicate fibres of which it is composed can pain be experienced. Tremors, hysteria, and most of the unpleasant feelings usually included under the head of nervousness, arise from the weakness of these sensitive threads, which pervade every part of the animal structure and have their source in the fountain-head of all sensation,

—the brain. The tonic action of **Hos-tetter's Bitters** is of vast service in cases of this kind. Nervous headache, ordinary face-ache, neuralgic pains, and every variety of spasmodic torture, are quickly alleviated by the use of the preparation, which at once braces and tranquillizes the nerves. Persons of a lymphatic temperament and feeble organization are especially subject to these complaints, and should take the Bitters daily as an invigorant. Ladies will derive great benefit from them in all the peculiar physical and mental disturbances to which as a sex they are subject. Asafoetida, valerian, and the other nervines usually prescribed for these affections, at best merely alleviate them for the time being; but the Bitters are a permanent invigorant, and their value as a remedy for every phase of nervousness is beyond all estimate.

HOW TO ROAST A SUCKING PIG.—The pig should be about four or five weeks old, and killed and dressed the day before roasting. Make a stuffing of dry bread-crumbs and two or three large onions chopped fine, two tablespoonfuls of powdered sage and well seasoned with salt and pepper. Allow no water in the pan, bake in a good oven, and rub often with a little bag of butter. When done, pour all fat from the pan, add a little water to the brown gravy, boil up, and either pour over the pig or serve in a tureen. Serve with apple-sauce, hot, and onion-sauce.

A GENTLEMAN, after having paid his addresses to a young lady for some time, "popped the question." The lady, in a frightened manner, said, "You scare me, sir!" The gentleman did not wish to frighten the lady, and consequently remained quiet for some time, when she exclaimed, "Scare me again."

GRUBS IN HORSES.—Take 1 pint strong vinegar, 1 ounce chalk in powder; stir it well, and drench the animal.

"I wish you would pay a little attention to what I am saying, sir," roared an irritated lawyer to an exasperating witness. "Well, I am paying as little as I can," was the exasperating reply.

FOR GRAY HAIRS.—When the hair begins to change color, the use of the following pomade has a beneficial effect in

preventing the disease extending, and has the character of even restoring the color of the hair in many instances:—Lard, 4 ounces; spermaceti, 4 drachms; oxide of bismuth, 4 drachms. Melt the lard and spermaceti together, and, when getting cold, stir in the bismuth. To this can be added any kind of perfume, according to choice. It should be used whenever the hair requires dressing. It must not be imagined that any good speedily results. It is generally a long time taking place, the change being very gradual.

A LADY having accidentally broken her smelling-bottle, her husband, who was very petulant, said to her,—

"I declare, my dear, every thing that belongs to you is more or less broken."

"True," replied the lady; "for even you are a little cracked."

DIAMOND CEMENT.—Take isinglass, soak it in water until it becomes soft, then dissolve it in proof-spirit, and add a little resin-varnish. Used for joining china, glass, &c. An excellent and reliable cement.

A COLORED cook, expecting company of her own kind, was at a loss how to entertain her friends. Her mistress said,—

"Polly, you must make an apology."

"La, missis, how can I make it? Got no apples, no eggs, no butter, no nuffin, to make it wid."

Eleventh Month.

30
Days.

NOVEMBER

LUNATIONS.				BOSTON.			PITTSBURGH.			NEW ORLEANS.		
☉ NEW MOON,				D. H. M.			D. H. M.			D. H. M.		
☾ FIRST QUARTER,				3 6 51 Evening.			3 6 15 Evening.			3 5 35 Evening.		
☽ FULL MOON,				10 10 11 Evening.			10 9 35 Evening.			10 8 55 Evening.		
☾ LAST QUARTER,				19 2 34 Morning.			19 1 58 Morning.			19 1 18 Morning.		
				26 1 30 Evening.			26 0 54 Evening.			26 0 14 Evening.		

D. M.	D. W.	Events, Aspects, and Noted Days.	MOON'S SIGNS.	BOSTON.			PITTSBURGH.			NEW ORLEANS.		
				SUN PAST.	SUN RISES	MOON SETS	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES
				M. S.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
1	Mo.	All Saints Day.	☾	16 18	6 33	4 55	3 21	6 30	4 57	3 22	6 14	5 13
2	Tu.	☽ ☽ ☽. ☽ in per.	☾	16 18	6 24	4 54	4 37	6 31	4 56	4 36	6 15	5 12
3	We.	☽ ☽ ☽. Indian Sun. beg.	☾	16 18	6 35	4 53	5 52	6 32	4 54	5 20	6 16	5 11
4	Th.	☽ ☽ ☽. gr. W. elong.	☾	16 17	6 26	4 52	sets.	6 34	4 53	sets.	6 17	5 10
5	Fr.	Papists' Conspiracy.	☾	16 15	6 37	4 50	6 31	6 35	4 52	6 35	6 18	5 10
6	Sa.	☽ ☽ ☽. Rain.	☾	16 13	6 30	4 49	7 18	6 36	4 51	7 23	6 18	5 9

(45.) Twenty-Fourth Sunday after Trinity. Matt. ix.

Day's length, 10 h. 13 min.

7	S.	☽ ☽ ☽. ☽ gr N. lat.	☾	16 9	6 40	4 48	8 11	6 37	4 50	8 16	6 19	5 8
8	Mo.	☽ ☽ ☽. ☽ h.	☾	16 5	6 41	4 47	9 7	6 38	4 49	9 12	6 20	5 8
9	Tu.	Indian Sun. ends.	☾	15 59	6 43	4 45	10 6	6 39	4 48	10 11	6 21	5 7
10	We.	☽ ☽ ☽. gr. S. lat.	☾	15 53	6 44	4 44	11 6	6 41	4 47	11 10	6 21	5 7
11	Th.	☽ St. Martin.	☾	15 46	6 45	4 43	morn.	6 42	4 46	morn.	6 22	5 6
12	Fr.	Baxter bo. 1615.	☾	15 39	6 47	4 42	0 5	6 43	4 45	0 8	6 23	5 5
13	Sa.	St. Didacus.	☾	15 30	6 43	4 41	1 4	6 44	4 44	1 6	6 24	5 5

(46.) Twenty-Fifth Sunday after Trinity. Matt. viii.

Day's length, 9 h. 59 min.

14	S.	☽ in apogee.	☾	15 20	6 49	4 40	2 2	6 45	4 44	2 3	6 25	5 4
15	Mo.	Cowper bo. 1731.	☾	15 10	6 51	4 39	3 1	6 47	4 43	3 1	6 26	5 4
16	Tu.	Lander d. 1839.	☾	14 59	6 52	4 38	3 59	6 48	4 42	3 58	6 26	5 4
17	We.	☽ ☽ ☽. Rain.	☾	14 47	6 53	4 37	4 58	6 40	4 41	4 50	6 27	5 3
18	Th.	Etna erup. 1832.	☾	14 31	6 54	4 36	5 58	6 50	4 40	5 55	6 28	5 3
19	Fr.	Toulon tak. 1793	☾	14 20	6 55	4 35	rises.	6 51	4 40	rises.	6 29	5 2
20	Sa.	☽ St. Felix.	☾	14 5	6 56	4 35	5 53	6 52	4 39	5 59	6 30	5 2

(47.) Twenty-Sixth Sunday after Trinity. Matt. xiii.

Day's length, 9 h. 45 min.

21	S.	Berlin Decree, 1803.	☾	13 50	6 58	4 34	6 40	6 53	4 38	6 45	6 31	5 2
22	Mo.	Cecilia.	☾	13 24	6 59	4 33	7 32	6 55	4 38	7 37	6 32	5 1
23	Tu.	St. Clement. ☽ ☽ ☽.	☾	13 17	7 0	4 33	8 20	6 56	4 37	8 35	6 32	5 1
24	We.	Ghent Treaty, 1844.	☾	12 59	7 1	4 32	9 35	6 57	4 37	9 29	6 33	5 1
25	Th.	Catherine Virg.	☾	12 40	7 3	4 31	10 42	6 58	4 36	10 45	6 31	5 1
26	Fr.	Gr. tempest, 1703	☾	12 21	7 4	4 31	11 51	6 59	4 36	11 54	6 33	5 1
27	Sa.	☽ Lis. earthq. 1791.	☾	12 1	7 5	4 30	morn.	7 0	4 35	morn.	6 36	5 0

(48.) Advent Sunday.

Matt. xxi.

Day's length, 9 h. 34 min.

28	S.	W. Irving d. 1859.	☾	11 41	7 6	4 29	1 2	7 1	4 35	1 3	6 37	5 0
29	Mo.	Goldsmith bo. 1728.	☾	11 26	7 7	4 29	2 15	7 2	4 35	2 15	6 37	5 0
30	Tu.	☽ in ☽. ☽ in per.	☾	10 59	7 9	4 29	3 29	7 3	4 34	3 23	6 38	5 0

OMELETTE SOUFFLE.—Beat the whites of ten eggs to a stiff froth, the yolks with three-quarters of a pound of white sugar, juice and rind of one lemon; mix all together lightly. Butter a dish that will just hold it, and bake ten or fifteen minutes.

STEAM PUDDING.—One quart flour, one coffee-cup chopped raisins or currants, one teacup chopped suet, one teacup half filled with molasses, finish with brown sugar, one teaspoon soda, two teacups sweet milk, a little salt. Mix, and steam three hours. Sauce.

CONSTITUTIONAL WEAKNESS.

It is a great thing to have a sound and vigorous constitution. There is nothing that money can buy comparable in value to this best gift of nature. The difference between the individual who has it and the unfortunate who has it not, is just the difference between the man who goes into battle clothed in defensive armor and one who has nothing to oppose to sword and bullet save his naked breast. "The pestilence that walketh in darkness, the sickness that destroyeth at noonday," while it lays low the man of feeble stamina, is often conquered by the native strength of what is called an "iron constitution."

Heaven, however, has not endowed even a moiety of mankind with this inestimable blessing, and therefore it behoves those who have it not, to resort to the most efficient means of constitutional invigoration which science can supply. There is good war-

rant for asserting that **Hostetter's Bitters** are admirably adapted to promote this end. Other tonics have their drawbacks. The concentrated extracts of poisonous vegetable substances which, within the last few years, have been introduced into the practice of medicine as invigorants, are all extremely dangerous. Prussic acid and strychnine, though often given as strengthening medicines, are *not safe* even in the most diminutive doses; and quinine disastrously affects the nerves and the bones. But in **Hostetter's Bitters** there is positively nothing that is not healthful and wholesome. They contain no ingredient which by any process could be converted into an active poison, and yet as a constitutional stimulant are infinitely preferable to any of the sulphates and acetates which have been recently added to the *materia medica*.

NOBODY'S FOOL.—A gentleman traveling in Ireland hired a pure native as a servant, who he thought could give him information of the country. Observing a beautiful residence at some distance, the following colloquy ensued:—

"Patrick, who lives there?"

"It's Mr. Fitzgerald, that's dead, sir."

"What did he die of?"

"He died of a Thursday, sir."

"How long has he been dead, Patrick?"

"If he had lived till next Thursday, sir, he'd been dead a year."

The gentleman, thinking Pat's wits were wool-gathering, asked,—

"Have you taken any thing to drink to-day, Patrick?"

"I will, sir."

"Well, what shall it be? Will you take raw liquor, or will you have grog, or shall I make you a toddy?"

"If yer honor please, I will take the raw liquor first, then I can be a drinking the grog while you are making the toddy."

WE give a rule by which buyers and sellers can make their own calculations. The standard weight of wheat per bushel is 60 lbs.; corn and rye, 56 lbs.; oats, 32 lbs.; barley, 48 lbs. The price per bushel being given, to find the price per cental, multiply the price per bushel by 100 and divide by the number of pounds in a bushel. For instance, at \$1.50 per bushel for wheat, what is the price per cental? $150 \times 100 = 15000 \div 60 = \2.50 , which is the price per

cental. Again, the price per cental being given, to find the price per bushel, multiply the price per cental by the number of pounds in a bushel and divide by 100. Example.—At \$2.50 per cental, what is the price per bushel of 60 lbs.? $250 \times 60 = 15000 \div 100 = \1.50 , the price per bushel. The above rule is so simple and so easy that people will soon become accustomed to the new method.

A GENTLEMAN was describing to Douglas Jerrold the story of his courtship and marriage, how his wife had been brought up in a convent, and was on the point of taking the veil, when his presence burst upon her enraptured sight, and she accepted him as her husband. Jerrold listened to the end, and quietly remarked, "She simply thought you better than nun."

RATTLESNAKE-BITE.—Equal parts of onions, tobacco, and salt, applied as soon as possible, will draw the poison and effect a cure.

GAPES IN CHICKENS may be easily cured by giving them small crumbs of dough impregnated with a little soft-soap. Once or twice is sufficient.

WHEN Lord Sidmouth one day said, "My brains are gone to the dogs, this morning," his friend at once ejaculated, "Poor dogs!"

Twelfth Month.



31
Days.

DECEMBER

LUNATIONS.	BOSTON.	PITTSBURGH.	NEW ORLEANS.
☉ NEW MOON,	D. H. M. 3 5 57 Morning.	D. H. M. 3 5 21 Morning.	D. H. M. 3 4 41 Morning.
☾ FIRST QUARTER,	10 6 27 Evening.	10 5 51 Evening.	10 5 11 Evening.
☽ FULL MOON,	18 7 6 Evening.	18 6 30 Evening.	18 5 50 Evening.
☾ LAST QUARTER,	25 9 50 Evening.	25 9 14 Evening.	25 8 34 Evening.

D. M.	D. W.	Events, Aspects, and Noted Days.	MOON'S SIGNS.	BOSTON.						PITTSBURGH.			NEW ORLEANS.		
				SUN- FAST.	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES	SUN RISES	SUN SETS	MOON RISES		
														M. S.	H. M.
1	We.	Leo IX. d. 1521.		10 35	7 10	4 29	4 43	7 4	4 34	4 40	6 39	5 0	4 21		
2	Th.	♂♂♂.		10 12	7 11	4 29	5 56	7 5	4 34	5 52	6 40	5 0	5 23		
3	Fr.	♂♂♂. Blustery		9 48	7 12	4 28	sets.	7 6	4 34	sets.	6 41	5 0	sets		
4	Sa.	♂♂♂.		9 24	7 13	4 28	5 55	7 7	4 34	6 0	6 42	5 1	6 27		

(49.) Second Sunday in Advent.

Luke xxi.

Day's length, 9 h. 25 min.

5	S.	St. Bibiana.		8 59	7 14	4 28	6 51	7 8	4 33	6 56	6 42	5 1	7 25
6	Mo.	Nicolas.		8 33	7 15	4 28	7 50	7 9	4 33	7 55	6 43	5 1	8 27
7	Tu.	♂♂♂. Snow.		8 7	7 16	4 28	8 52	7 10	4 33	8 56	6 44	5 1	9 19
8	We.	Conc. Virg. Mary.		7 41	7 17	4 28	9 52	7 11	4 33	9 55	6 44	5 1	10 12
9	Th.	Milton b. 1608.		7 14	7 18	4 28	10 52	7 12	4 33	10 55	6 45	5 1	11 8
10	Fr.	Malchiades.		6 47	7 19	4 28	11 51	7 13	4 33	11 53	6 46	5 1	morn.
11	Sa.	♂ in aph.		6 19	7 20	4 28	morn	7 14	4 34	morn.	6 46	5 1	0 1

(50.) Third Sunday in Advent.

Matt. xi.

Day's length, 9 h. 20 min.

12	S.	♂♂♂. ♂♂♂.		5 51	7 21	4 28	0 49	7 14	4 34	0 50	6 47	5 2	0 53
13	Mo.	♂ sup. ♂♂.		5 22	7 22	4 28	1 48	7 15	4 34	1 47	6 48	5 2	1 45
14	Tu.	♂ gr. E. elong. 13th.		4 53	7 22	4 28	2 48	7 16	4 34	2 46	6 48	5 2	2 38
15	We.	♂♂♂. Ember Day.		4 24	7 23	4 28	3 47	7 17	4 34	3 44	6 49	5 3	3 31
16	Th.	Tea destroyed, 1773.		3 55	7 24	4 28	4 47	7 17	4 35	4 44	6 50	5 3	4 27
17	Fr.	Olympias.		3 25	7 24	4 29	5 49	7 18	4 35	5 45	6 50	5 3	5 25
18	Sa.	♂ St. Arnoldus.		2 55	7 25	4 29	rises.	7 19	4 35	rises.	6 51	5 4	rises.

(51.) Fourth Sunday in Advent.

John i.

Day's length, 9 h. 17 min.

19	S.	Rome burnt. 69.		2 25	7 25	4 29	5 25	7 19	4 36	5 20	6 51	5 4	5 5
20	Mo.	♂♂♂. Cold.		1 55	7 26	4 30	6 22	7 20	4 36	6 27	6 52	5 5	6 23
21	Tu.	♂ enters W.		1 25	7 26	4 30	7 25	7 20	4 37	7 30	6 52	5 5	7 14
22	We.	Winter begins.		0 55	7 27	4 31	8 33	7 21	4 37	8 37	6 52	5 6	8 57
23	Th.	Dreadful storm. 1790.		0 25	7 27	4 31	9 45	7 21	4 38	9 46	6 53	5 6	10 1
24	Fr.	Gr. earthq. 1804.		slow.	7 28	4 32	10 52	7 22	4 38	10 54	6 54	5 7	11 3
25	Sa.	Christmas Day.		0 35	7 28	4 32	morn.	7 22	4 39	morn.	6 54	5 7	morn.

(52.) First Sunday after Christmas.

Matt. i.

Day's length, 9 h. 18 min.

26	S.	St. Stephen.		1 4	7 29	4 33	0 3	7 22	4 40	0 4	6 54	5 8	0 7
27	Mo.	St. John. ♂ in per.		1 34	7 29	4 34	1 14	7 23	4 40	1 13	6 55	5 9	1 9
28	Tu.	Innocents' Day.		2 3	7 29	4 34	2 26	7 23	4 41	2 24	6 55	5 10	2 13
29	We.	Dr. Cooper d. 1783.		2 33	7 29	4 35	3 38	7 23	4 42	3 35	6 55	5 10	3 1
30	Th.	Sabinus.		3 2	7 30	4 36	4 47	7 24	4 43	4 43	6 56	5 11	4 2
31	Fr.	♂♂♂. ♂ in per.		3 30	7 30	4 37	5 57	7 24	4 43	5 52	6 56	5 12	5 2

SUPERIOR MUFFINS.—To one quart of milk add two eggs well beaten, a lump of butter half the size of an egg, and flour enough to make a stiff batter. Stir in half-pint of yeast. Let them stand until perfectly light, and then bake on a grid-

dle, in tin rings made for the purpose. These are merely strips of tin three-quarters of an inch wide, made into rings, three inches in diameter, without bottom, the ring being simply placed on a griddle, and the batter poured in to fill it.

INDIGESTION AND CHRONIC DYSPEPSIA.

AGES of indulgence have no doubt greatly impaired the vigor of man's digestive powers. We moderns inherit weakly stomachs from a long line of dyspeptic ancestors, and most of us do our best to aggravate the evil we have inherited. Possibly to this latter cause we owe the shortness of our lives as compared with those of the patriarchs, whose fare was simple, and who had too much good sense to trifle with their constitutions.

Be that as it may, indigestion prevails everywhere, and in this country is all but universal. Some physicians say that when it assumes the form of Chronic Dyspepsia it is past remedy. The best answer to this gratuitous assertion is to be found in thousands of testimonials from **cured dyspeptics** residing in this country and abroad, attesting the efficacy of the Bitters in their own cases and in others that have come under their observation. These statements and depositions are authenticated in a manner that precludes all question of their genuineness, many of them being in the form of Affidavits, corroborated by the signatures of "clouds of witnesses." Volumes of them have been published in the newspapers, volumes still remain, and the mass of evidence continually accumulates. The names attached to the vouchers which have appeared in print include those of leading authors, popular editors, skillful physicians, well-known inventors, eminent merchants, distinguished lawyers, and, in fact, prominent individuals in every profession, business, and calling. They establish two facts beyond controversy:—first, that **Dyspepsia in its worst phases can be cured**; and, second, that **Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the specific that will cure it**.

Before Indigestion assumes a chronic form,—when it is simply an unde-

finable uneasiness of the stomach, accompanied with loss of appetite and occasional twinges in the bowels,—three or four doses of the preparation will generally effect a cure. Where, however, there is a predisposition to the complaint, it will be likely to recur if the remedy is entirely discontinued. In such cases, therefore, it is advisable after convalescence to continue to take a small dose twice or thrice a day at regular intervals. By this course the stomach will be kept in proper tone, constipation prevented, and the flow of bile regulated. Persons who have a constitutional tendency to dyspepsia may counteract it, and save themselves much misery, bodily and mental, by taking the Bitters as a preventive.

Dyspeptics who have weakened their stomachs by over-indulgence in the luxuries of the table, need not expect that the digestive function will resume its natural activity under *any* treatment, unless they relinquish the habit of overtaxing the capacity of the organ upon which the assimilation of the food depends. The man who suffers from indigestion in consequence of pampering his appetite with rich, highly-flavored dishes, or eating hastily and inordinately, or drinking to excess, or in any other way violating the laws of health, will not find the full relief he desires, even from a course of **Hostetter's Bitters**, if he persists in stimulating the disease while he takes the remedy. Let him give the tonic and alterative properties of the preparation *fair play*, adopting a simple, nourishing diet, taking a fair amount of exercise, and conforming his general habits to the dictates of ordinary prudence, and the **Bitters** will surely relieve him from all the pains and penalties of dyspepsia and restore him to perfect health. *This result is guaranteed.*

COLIC OR GRIPING.

THIS complaint is characterized by a shooting, gnawing, or tearing pain in the bowels, chiefly confined to the region near the navel, and usually attended by painful distension of the abdomen, vomiting and purging. It is often the symptom or precursor of some other disease. Among the most common causes of colic are the eating of unripe fruits and indigestible substances, sudden changes of temperature, wet feet, exposure, the drinking of iced water or other cold beverages

when overheated, costiveness, &c. A stimulant is required to mitigate the pain, a mild aperient to carry off the acrid matter which irritates the bowels, and an anti-bilious agent to regulate the liver, which is always more or less disordered in cases of colic. **Hostetter's Bitters** combine, in their proper proportions, these three essentials, and are, therefore, the best medicine that can be given. Persons who are subject to attacks of colic should take the Bitters as a protective medicine.

HEARTBURN AND WATERBRASH.

THE stinging, burning sensation felt principally at the pit of the stomach and also in the lower part of the throat, and known as heartburn, is usually followed after a time by sour or acrid eructations or risings. Sometimes these symptoms are attended

with debility and a tendency to faintness. Heartburn and waterbrash are generally connected with dyspepsia or other affections of the digestive apparatus, and the **Bitters**, being the best stomachic and antacid in use, are sure to afford speedy and permanent relief.

WANT OF APPETITE

Is not in itself a disease, but simply an evidence that disease exists in the system. It is of no use—on the other hand, it is very unwise—to attempt to force a desire for food with common stimulants, especially *raw liquors*. They may excite the palate for the moment, but their secondary effect is further to relax the already enfeebled

stomach, and thus add to the causes from which a distaste for food originates. A cure can only be accomplished by a medicine capable of restoring to the stomach its assimilating power. Of all tonics and alteratives at present known, **Hostetter's Bitters** is the best for promoting digestion, and is *therefore* the best appetizer.

A BIG FOOT.—We heard a laughable anecdote of a "man with a big foot." He was a Buffalonian, who must be alive now, for a man with so good a hold upon the ground is not likely to drop off in a hurry. He stepped one day into a small shop of a bootmaker in the flourishing capital of old Erie, and asked Crispin if he could make him a pair of boots. Looking at his long, splay pedal extremities, and then glancing at a huge uncut cowhide that hung on the wall, he said,—

"Well, yes, I guess so."
"What time will you have them done? To-day is Monday."

"Well, it'll depend on circumstances; I guess I can have 'em for you by Saturday."

On Saturday, therefore, the man called for his boots.

"Have you got 'em done?" said he, as he entered the little shop.

"No, I haven't. I couldn't: it has rained every day since I took your measure."

"Rained!" exclaimed the astonished patron. "Well, what of that? what had that to do with it?"

"What had that to do with it?" echoed Crispin. "It had a good deal to do with it. When I make your boots I've got to go out-of-doors, for I haven't room in my shop; and I can't work out-of-doors in rainy weather."

REMEDY FOR STAGGERS IN HORSES.—Give a mash, twice a week, composed of one gallon of bran, one tablespoonful sulphur, one teaspoonful saltpetre, one quart boiling sassafras-tea, and one-eighth of an ounce of assafoetida. Do not let the horse have cold drink for half a day afterwards.

Signal for a bark—pulling a dog's tail.



DIFFICULT TO PLEASE.

MRS. PARTINGTON.—“Them’s Fashions, I suppose! One all *hair* before, t’other all *hair* behind!”

CURRENT CREAM.—Take some currants, thoroughly ripe, bruise them in boiled cream, add beaten cinnamon, and sweeten to your taste; then strain it through a fine sieve, and serve.

A QUAKER gentleman, riding in a carriage with a fashionable lady decked with a profusion of jewelry, heard her complain of the cold. Shivering in her lace bonnet and shawl as light as a cobweb, she exclaimed, “What shall I do to get warm?” “I really don’t know,” replied the Quaker, solemnly, “unless thee should put on *another breast-pin*.”

EXCITED Frenchman at Niagara Falls.—“Ah! dis is de grand spectakel! Supaarb! Magnifique! By gar, he is come down first-rate!”

A BAND of Indians made a sudden attack on a detachment of our soldiers in the mountains. The soldiers had a mountain-howitzer mounted on a mule. Not having time to take it off and put it in position, they backed up the mule and let drive at the Indians. The load was so heavy that mule and all went tumbling down the hill toward the savages, who, not understanding that kind of warfare, fled like deer. Afterward one of them was captured, and, when asked why he ran so, replied, “Me big Injin, not afraid of little guns or big guns, but when white man load up and fire a whole jackass at Injin, me don’t know what to do.”

O’LEARY, gazing with astonishment upon an elephant in a menagerie, asked the keeper, “What kind of a baste is that, atin’ hay with his tail?”

SICK-HEADACHE.

SOMETIMES this complaint comes on periodically and is attended with a fullness of the head as if it would split, or as if the eyes were being pressed outwards. In many instances it is characterized by tenderness of the external part of the head, swelling of the veins of the forehead, buzzing in the ears, and dimness of vision. Every motion augments the agony, and, not unfrequently, chills, vomiting, and an irresistible desire to lie down, are accompanying symptoms. The cause of sick-headache is almost invariably a disordered condition of the digestive organs, and the best and speediest remedy that can be administered to the sufferer is **Hostetter's Stomach Bitters**. The first dose will afford decided relief, and the second or third will generally remove all the distressing symptoms. Persons who are subject to sick-headache may secure entire exemption from the complaint by regularly taking the Bitters night and morning.

FAINTING-FITS.

MEN rarely faint except under intense pain, loss of blood, or some other violent pressure upon their vital powers; but women of a delicate constitution and nervous temperament often "swoon away" without any apparent cause. The syncope, however, is as real in one case as the other, and the best remedy is a stimulant. The Bitters are an excellent resource in fainting-fits, because they are something better than a mere temporary excitant. They brace the nerves and thereby lessen the chances of a recurrence of the fainting. Many ladies afflicted with a chronic tendency to fainting-fits and hysteria, have been entirely cured by a course of the preparation. It is now recommended by obstetric physicians as a safeguard against these paroxysms during pregnancy, and as a means of relieving the distressing nausea known as "morning-sickness."

LANGUOR, LETHARGY, AND DEBILITY

Suggest that nature needs rousing and reinforcing. Physicians prescribe tonics in such cases, but the tonic tinctures and extracts of the Pharmacopœia are all manufactured with common alcohol, unpurged of its noxious properties, and are apt to excite the brain and react depressingly (when their stimulating power is expended) upon the nervous system. Avoid them. In **Hostetter's Bitters** the feeble and enervated have a pure and genial restorative which is open to none of these objections.

SENSITIVENESS AND IRRITABILITY.

THE health of persons of a sensitive and irritable disposition is often affected by the most trifling emotion. When the stomach and the nerves are disordered by anger, anxiety, fear, or sorrow, take **Hostetter's Bitters** twice or thrice a day until the system is tranquilized. The mental disturbances to which women are liable at certain periods, are removed by a dose or two of this cheering and renovating cordial.

CHOLERA MORBUS.

VIOLENT purging and vomiting, griping, thirst, cramps, and coldness of the extremities, mark this painful and dangerous disease. It is generally preceded by shivering, headache, and nausea; and at the first symptom of its approach a full dose of the **Bitters** should be given, to ward off the at-

tack. Hot fomentations applied to the whole surface of the bowels are useful, and repeated doses of the **Bitters** may be administered to allay the pain. When the sufferer from Cholera Morbus is convalescing, the tonic action of the preparation will accelerate the recovery of strength and health.

TWO OLD FRIENDS.—The Marysville (Cal.) Telegraph says:—

Just now, one of our citizens met on Second Street an old acquaintance a German resident of Placerville. The citizen had been at Sacramento on business at the time of the great Union meeting, and remembered having seen his German friend there at the same time, but, in consequence of the crowd, had been unable to get near enough to speak to him. He was now glad to see him again, and, after some little conversation upon various subjects, suddenly bethought himself of the political meeting before mentioned, and exclaimed,—

"Well, Jake, what were you doing in Sacramento, the other night?"

"Vell, I cooms down mit der peoples von Blazerville," replied Jake. "I cooms to zee der sprecken."

"To see the speaking? I thought you a good Democrat?"

"Yaw; I bees ein goot Democrat, und zo was you; ain't it?"

"Certainly; but then I was down there on business, while you live in Placerville. Didn't you know that was not a meeting of our party?"

"Yaw; I cares not for der barty. I travels for mine helt. I not bays for der bassage, and I goes furdur as Sacramento. I goes to der San Francisco in der vree shteampoot ven cooms der next day."

"But I saw you in the crowd in front of the speaker's stand."

"Vell, vell, dat makes noting different. I shand for rest mineself. I nix makes der cheer for der sprecken; I bees ein Demograt; I rides mit Gorham, und I votes mit Haight; don't it? Vell, let's have some beer drinken mit zwei lager, den we goes mit der two drains von Oroville."

REMEDY FOR THE MANGE.—Take flowers of sulphur and hog's lard, equal parts. Mix, and anoint twice a day. Bleed, and give two or three mashes (composed of bran, sulphur, saltpetre, and sassafras) within a week afterwards.

A DANDY.

A dandy is a thing who would
Be a woman if he could,
But, as he can't, does all he can
To make folks think he's not a man.

If you would look spruce in your old age, do not pine in your youth.

RHEUMATIC PAINS.

At the first premonitory twinge of Rheumatism, resort to the **BITTERS**. When the disease is thoroughly developed, it is an obstinate enemy to deal with; but it may be prevented from forming a lodgment in the system by the timely use of that excellent nervine and antispasmodic, **HOS-TETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS**.

At a Methodist meeting, the singer who led the psalm-tune, finding that the concluding word, which was Jacob, had not syllables enough to fill up the music adequately, ended thus: "Ja-a-a—Ja-a-a—tol der riddle cob!"

SOME years ago (so the story goes), a farmer living not a thousand miles from New York, gave one of his sons some money, and told him to go out West and remain two years; at the end of which time, if he would return to a specified place, one of his brothers would meet him. The young man went, and returned and met his brother according to appointment, although no communication had taken place between them during the time. While going homeward together, the wanderer, after relating some of his adventures, inquired whether any thing had happened since he left home.

"No, not a single thing," said the other; "every thing is just the same as when you left, except that the old crow died."

"Indeed," said the wanderer, "and is the old crow dead? What killed him?"

"Why, he ate too much meat when the matched horses died."

"Good gracious! are the matched horses dead? What killed them?"

"Well, you see, when the house and barn burned, they overdid themselves in hauling water."

"Good gracious! are the house and barn burned down? How did it happen?"

"Well, you see, when daddy died, they were carrying lights about, and were careless."

"Good gracious! and is daddy dead? What was the matter with him?"

"Well, you see, when Sal ran away and got married against daddy's wishes, he just pined away and died."

"Good gracious! so nothing has happened since I've been away?"

"No; every thing is just the same."

ADULTERATED WINES AND LIQUORS.

ALL wines and liquors sold at the bars of taverns are adulterated. This is a broad assertion, but it is literally true. In fact, it is *impossible* to obtain any imported stimulant absolutely pure, no matter what price may be paid for it, and it is equally impracticable to procure (except from "first hands") domestic liquors that have not been tampered with.

There are certain chemical tests or re-agents by the use of which the presence of the various poisons used in "doctoring" wine and spirits can be readily ascertained; and whoever chooses to make the experiment will find that in four cases out of five the application of one or other of these re-agents will show the existence of a deleterious ingredient in the wine or liquor subjected to test.

In order to give the reader an opportunity to learn this startling fact experimentally, some of the leading tests, the mode of using them, and the results they produce, are here stated.

Put a few drops of spirits of sal-ammoniac into a teaspoonful of water, and throw this mixture into a glass of wine. If it leaves the least sediment, the wine contains *corrosive sublimate*.

Dissolve lime in water until the latter becomes saturated, and then pour off what is clear into a clean tumbler. Drop some wine into the tumbler; and if it occasions white clouds in the liquid, the wine pretty certainly contains *arsenic*.

Dilute sulphuret of calcium in water, and drop some of it into a glass of

wine. If the wine turns brown or black, it contains metallic poison. If the poison is *lead* (and it usually is), particles of it will adhere to a piece of zinc suspended in the wine that has been thus treated.

If there is *sulphur* in wine, it may be detected by putting a new-laid egg into a tumbler and filling it up with wine. The sulphur, in the course of a few hours, will turn the egg almost black.

Drop a solution of potash in water into wine which you suspect is adulterated with alum, and, if your suspicion is correct, the wine will foam and precipitate a white powder.

Lime or chalk is often used to restore the flavor of spoiled wine, or to give new wine the appearance and taste of old. Dissolve a few grains of salts of white sorrel in a couple of tablespoonsful of distilled water. This solution (itself a poison) drop into a glass of wine. If a whitish cloud appears in it, and the next day a white sediment, there is certainly lime in the wine.

The same re-agents used to detect deleterious and poisonous ingredients in wine will also detect them in spirituous liquors. No other kind of spirits is so vilely adulterated as brandy. One of the poisons most extensively used in "doctoring" this liquor is *lead*.

The reader is invited to apply any and every known test of poison to **Hostetter's Stomach Bitters**. Their spirituous element is *absolutely pure*.

REMEDY FOR SORE TONGUE IN HORSES.—Take 1 part sugar of lead, 1 part bole ammoniac, and 2 parts burnt alum, the whole to be added to 3 quarts of vinegar. With this wash out the mouth twice a day.

A FRENCH lady, who held in her hand a glass of cool water, said, "Oh, if it were only wicked to drink this, how nice it would be!"

SPONGE GINGERBREAD.—Two pounds of flour, one of sugar, one of butter, six eggs, one pint of molasses, one pint of milk, two tablespoonsful of ginger, one of cinnamon, one of cloves, two of pearl-ash.

WHY is a nugget of gold found at Ballarat, Australia, like the Prince of Wales? Because it is a production of Victoria, and may soon become a sovereign.

AILMENTS WITHOUT A NAME.

MANY, many people suffer from they know not what. They are not sick, they are not well. There is no name for it. It is simply weakness, a breaking down of the vital forces. Whatever its causes (and they are innumerable), its symptoms are in the main the same. Among the most prominent are extreme lassitude, loss of appetite, loss of flesh, and great mental depression. Indigestion and a *Stomach Cough* are also frequently concomitants of this distressing state of body and of mind. The common remark in relation to persons in such a condition is that they are consumptive. Now, what these unfortunates really want is *vigor*, *vital strength*; and, as certainly as

dawn succeeds darkness, they can recuperate their systems and regain perfect health by resorting to **Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters**. It is as clear that a life-reviving tonic is required in such cases, as that the dying flame of an empty lamp requires to be revived with a new supply of oil. Perfectly pure and innocuous, containing nothing but the most genial vegetable extracts, and combining the three grand elements of a stomachic, an alterative, and a genial invigorant, **Hostetter's Bitters** are suitable to all constitutions, and are as applicable to the diseases and disabilities of the feeble sex as to those of men.

PAT AND THE HAM.—Pat went to the house of the priest to confess his sins, and passed into the kitchen to ask for the holy father; but, perceiving that there was no one in the room, while a fine ham was lying on the table fresh from the market, Pat lost no time in securing the prize. Hiding it as well as he could under his coat, he proceeded to the apartment of the priest, and said,—

"Here, your riverence, is a fine leg of bacon which I stole and brought as a present to your holiness. Will you take it?"

"Take it!" said the confessor; "by no means. Carry it back, instantly."

"Faith, an' I did, sir, and he said he wouldn't take it by no means."

"Very well, then, Patrick, you may keep it."

"An' I'll be absolved, your riverence?" demanded Pat.

"Yes; it is yours if the owner does not take it back."

"Good-morning! God bless ye! long life to your riverence!"

If you have a screw rusted into wood, or a nut or a bolt that will not readily turn, pour on a little kerosene, or coal oil, and let it remain. In a short time it can be easily started.

A **BASHFUL** young man escorted home an equally bashful young lady. As they approached the dwelling of the damsel, she said, entreatingly, "Zekiel, now don't tell anybody you bea'd me home."

"Sary," said he, emphatically, "don't you mind; I am as much ashamed of it as you are."

A **POLITE** young lady recently asserted that she had lived near a barn-yard, and that it was impossible for her to sleep in the morning, on account of the outcry made by a gentleman hen.

FROSTING FOR CAKE.—For the white of one egg take nine heaping teaspoonsful of white sugar and one teaspoonful of Poland starch. Beat the eggs to a stiff froth, so that the plate can be turned upside down without the egg falling off; stir in the sugar slowly with a wooden spoon, ten or fifteen minutes, constantly. To frost a common-sized cake one and a half eggs will suffice.

THE following good one was perpetrated on a bashful clerk at one of the large dry-good stores in Binghamton, where goods are sold in different rooms. An old Irish lady from the country, wishing to purchase a shawl, asked Kate —, a young lady friend of this city, to accompany her to the store, when the following conversation took place:—

Old Lady.—I wud like to luk at yer shawls.

Clerk.—Step up-stairs, if you please, madam.

Old Lady.—Up-stairs, is it, ye dirty pup, yer asking me to go? Is it for the likes of that yer getting those fine clothes, asking poor, lone women to go up-stairs!

Exit Kate with a rush, clerk crawls under the counter, old lady running wild and looking for a club, balance of clerks holding their clothes on, having bursted the buttons off.

A **HORTICULTURIST** advertised that he would supply all sorts of fruit-trees and plants, especially pie-plants of all kinds. A gentleman, thereupon sent him an order for one package of custard-pie seed, and a dozen mince-pie plants. The gentleman promptly filled the order by sending him four goose-eggs and a small dog.

"BOBBY, why don't your mother sew up your trousers?" "Cause she's at the vestry, sewing for the heathen."

THE BITTERS A NATIONAL MEDICINE.

ONE can hardly pick up a newspaper or turn a street-corner now-a-days that he does not find staring him in the face the announcement that Professor So-and-so has just discovered a medicine which is a panacea for all the ills that flesh is or may be heir to. These "wonderful" discoveries usually have an existence of a few months, then disappear from public notice. The reason of their sudden extinguishment is apparent. They were humbugs. At the outset all medicinal preparations have an equal chance for success, as all are equally unknown; but the chaff is soon winnowed from the grain by the practical test which an unprejudiced public applies to all things. There are but few preparations of medicine which have withstood the impartial judgment of the people for any length of time. One of these few, and one which has been a long time familiar to nearly every household in the land, is the celebrated **Hostetter's Stomach Bitters**, whose almost universal sale and use, and emphatic endorsement from all portions of the country, compel the admission that it *must* be a specific for the ailments for

which it is recommended. Fancy the dismay which would prevail in thousands of households if it should be suddenly announced that no more **Hostetter's Bitters** would be manufactured, and that henceforth the GRAND SPECIFIC would be LOST TO THE WORLD! The bilious, the feeble, the despondent, the traveler, the voyager, the miner, the sedentary student, the settler on the frontier of civilization, the toiler cooped up in crowded city tenements, the convalescent needing an invigorant, the shivering victim of ague, and the nervous of both sexes everywhere, would learn, with grief too deep for words, that the most celebrated corrective, invigorant, and alterative of the age had been blotted out of existence. No medicinal preparation has ever attained the reputation of **Hostetter's Bitters**. It is the **Household Tonic of the American people**, has been so for twenty years, and, in all human probability, will be so for centuries to come. The magnates of science recognize its merits; and that it is emphatically the medicine of the masses, is proved by its vast and ever-increasing sales.

"What's that a picture on?" said a countryman in our hearing the other day in a print-store to the proprietor, who was turning over some engravings.

"That, sir," said the dealer, "is Joshua commanding the sun to stand still."

"Du tell! Which is Josh, and which is his son?"

TO PREVENT CATTLE FROM JUMPING FENCES.—The following singular statement was made at a late meeting of the American Institute Farmers' Club at New York:—

"To prevent steers from jumping fences, clip off the eyelashes of the under lids with a pair of scissors, and the ability or disposition to jump is as effectually destroyed as Samson's power was by the loss of his locks. The animal will not attempt a fence until the lashes are grown again. Of this we are informed by Saml. Thorne, the great breeder of Dutchess County, who assured us that he had tested it upon a pair of breechy oxen. As it was of great value to him, he hopes it will be tried by others."

TO CLEAN SILK (BLACK OR COLORED).—Mix spirits of wine with water, sponge on the right side, and iron on the wrong; it will look new again.

"Job printing!" exclaimed an old lady the other day, as she peered over her spectacles at the advertising page of a country newspaper. "Poor Job! they've kept him printing week after week ever since I first learnt to read; and if he wasn't the most patientest man that ever was, he never could have stood it so long, nohow."

EXCELLENT BISCUITS.—Take of flour, 2 lbs.; carbonate of ammonia, 3 drachms in fine powder; white sugar, 4 oz.; arrow-root, 1 oz.; butter, 4 oz.; 1 egg. Mix into a stiff paste with new milk, and beat them well with a rolling-pin for half an hour; roll out thin, and cut them out with a docker, and bake in a quick oven for fifteen minutes.

To learn the value of money, try to borrow.



[AT THE FAIR.—SCENE: *Very pretty girl pinning bouquet on Young Swell's coat.*]

YOUNG SWELL.—“Twenty-five cents for the bouquet, I think you said. Here's a Two-Dollar Greenback.”

YOUNG LADY.—“Yes; twenty-five cents for the bouquet, a dollar for pinning it on your coat, and seventy-five cents for the pin. That's just right; thank you. Can't I show you something else?”

GARGET, OR SORE BAG.—This disease most frequently attacks young cows after first calving, and is usually attended by fever. In the early stage, the best remedy is to put the calf to the mother; but if this should fail, the cow should be bled, a strong cathartic administered, the udder well emptied, the milk drawn off gently but completely twice a day, and the following ointment as thoroughly rubbed into the bag as the cow will permit:—

Rub down an ounce of camphor, having put a teaspoonful of spirit of wine into it; add an ounce of mercurial ointment, and half a pound of elder ointment, and incorporate them well together.

“Don't you know me?” said a Kentucky soldier to his former commander.

“No, my friend, I don't.”

“Why, sir, you once saved my life.”

“Ah, how was that?”

“Why, sir, I served under you at the battle of Fort Donelson, and when you ran away at the beginning of the fight, I ran after you, else I might have been killed. God bless you, my preserver, my benefactor!”

THE richer a man makes his food, the poorer he makes his appetite.

Don't go to church with a cough and disturb the rest of the congregation.

HINTS TO FAMILIES

AS TO THE

COURSE TO BE PURSUED IN CASES OF POISONING.

IN cases of poisoning by sulphuric, nitric, muriatic, or any other acrid acid, give *tepid soapsuds* in great abundance. After every fit of vomiting, or when the pain increases, give *magnesia*,—a spoonful in a cup of water. Administer the suds and *magnesia* alternately. If *magnesia* is not at hand, use instead of it *chalk*, *wood-ashes*, or *soda*, diluted in the same manner.

To counteract the effects of alkaline poison, such as pot- and pearl-ash, lye, salts of tartar, corrosive spirits of sal-ammoniac, unslaked lime, &c. &c., administer half a tablespoonful of *vinegar*, in a wineglassful of water, every five minutes.

The best antidote for *arsenic* is the *liquid acetate of iron*. If you cannot obtain it at the druggist's, prepare it by mixing a hot solution of *copperas* in water with a hot solution of twice as much carbonate of soda. Strain the whole through muslin, and stir the thick mass which remains upon the cloth in strong vinegar (in the proportion of two tablespoonsful to a half-tumblerful of vinegar). Give a tablespoonful every ten minutes. *Fresh blood* is said to be a capital antidote to *arsenic*. Calf's blood is best, but fowl's or pigeon's will answer. The dose is two tablespoonsful of blood to each grain of *arsenic* taken. It must be stirred to prevent coagulation, and drank slowly. The patient should try to retain it on the stomach as long as possible. *Soapsuds*, *white of eggs*, and *milk* are also recommended.

For *corrosive sublimate* give *white of eggs* as quickly as possible; and also for *verdigris* and all other poisons de-

rived from copper. *Sulphuret of iron* is also an excellent antidote to the poison of *copper*, *lead*, and other metals.

To neutralize the effect of *nitrate of silver*, or lunar caustic, give *common salt*, dissolved in water, in large quantities, and afterwards mucilaginous drinks.

Antimony is best counteracted by a decoction of *gail-nuts*, or oak-bark, copious draughts of strong coffee without milk, and mucilage.

Poisoning by *tin* sometimes occurs from sour food being left in tin vessels. The remedies are *white of eggs* and *milk*.

For poisoning with *false mushrooms*, or "toadstools," *finely-powdered charcoal* made into a paste with sweet oil is said to be an excellent remedy. An emetic should, however, be administered in the first place.

When the skin has been poisoned by contact with noxious plants or vines, rubbing or scratching should be avoided. If washing with soap and water gives no relief, apply wheat bran and administer a purgative. Let the diet be low until the inflammation ceases.

The pain caused by the stinging of bees or wasps is quickly alleviated by applying black mud or garden-mould to the part affected.

Lemon-juice relieves the itching caused by mosquito-bites.

If you are tormented by mosquitos in your dwelling, strew brown sugar upon live coals or red-hot iron. The vapor generated by this process will drive them out of the room. Then close the doors and windows, and you are rid of the pests for the time being.

THE BITTERS ABROAD.

IMMENSE INCREASE IN THE FOREIGN DEMAND.

In "Hostetter's Illustrated Almanac for 1868," some account was given of the growing demand for the **Bitters** in Spanish America, the West Indies, the British-American Colonies, and Australia. For many years the sales of the article have been increasing in a progressive ratio in all the civilized regions of this hemisphere, but during 1868 they actually exceeded by nearly *fifty per cent.* those of any former year. In Australia, during the same period, they were nearly doubled. A brisk demand has also sprung up in England, France, and Germany, and notwithstanding the heavy duties imposed by the governments of many European countries on imported proprietary medicines, this famous Tonic seems likely ere long to become a standard preparation in the Old World, as it has long in the New.

Within the last twelve months up-

wards of two hundred letters have been received from prominent citizens of various states of South America, testifying to the extraordinary preventive and curative properties of the preparation, and its peculiar adaptation to the ailments most prevalent in warm latitudes. Not a few of these communications are from priests and members of the medical profession, and several are from military officers and civilians occupying important positions under their respective governments. The agents for the article, in various parts of the world, write that they are continually receiving verbal as well as written acknowledgments of its wonderful efficacy as a restorative from individuals in every class of society. **Hostetter's Bitters** are unquestionably the most popular proprietary medicine at present before the world.

A VERY NICE POTATO BREAD.—Take 2 lbs. fine flour, rub into it 1 lb. warm, many potatoes; add warm milk and water, with a sufficient quantity of yeast and salt at the proper time. Leave it two hours to rise in a warm room, in winter; bake in tin shapes, otherwise it will spread, as the dough will rise very light. It makes nice hot rolls for breakfast. An excellent tea or bun bread is made with it by adding sugar, eggs, and currants.

A YOUNG lady in Iowa City requested a dry-goods clerk to show her some lavender kid gloves. Being shown several different shades of color, she was confounded with the colors, and asked, "Which of these colors is the *lavenderest*?"

SORE TEATS.—When a cow is afflicted with sore teats, they should be fomented with warm water before milking, and immediately afterwards dressed with the following ointment:—Yellow wax, 1 oz.; lard, 3 oz. Melt together, and when they begin to cool rub in $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. sugar of lead, and 1 drachm finely-powdered alum.

DRESSING OINTMENT FOR CANKER IN HORSES.—Tar, 1 lb.; tallow, 1 lb.; powdered verdigris, 4 oz. MIX.

WHY is a mouse like a load of hay? Because the cat'll eat it.

WHILE trudging along one day all alone, a soldier met a Methodist circuit- rider, and at once recognized him as such, but affected ignorance of it.

Preacher.—"What command do you belong to?"

Soldier.—"I belong to the —th Texas Regiment, Van Dorn's army. What army do you belong to?"

Preacher (very solemnly).—"I belong to the army of the Lord!"

Soldier.—"My friend, you've got a very long way from head-quarters!"

WE have heard of many ways to kill the wire-worm, but the *Utica Herald* presents the following new idea, which is recommended by an eminent agriculturist:—

Let the land go fallow one year, plowing it three or four times during the season, so that no green thing is permitted to grow; the worm does not like this kind of diet, and it is starved out, giving you no further trouble.

TO BROIL KIDNEYS.—Split them through lengthways, and run an iron skewer through them to keep them flat; pepper well, and broil over a clear fire. They should be lightly done. Serve them in a very hot dish, sprinkle with salt, and put a bit of butter on each.

A WARNING TO COUNTERFEITERS,

AND

A CAUTION TO PURCHASERS.

No expense will be spared, no legal means of punishing fraud will be neglected, in the effort to prevent the counterfeiting of **Hostetter's Stomach Bitters**.

But scoundrelism, when its cunning and activity are stimulated by the hope of gain, is very ingenious and industrious. The men whose despicable business it is to simulate valuable proprietary medicines, and who substitute therefor dangerous or worthless preparations, are proverbially difficult to catch. Most of them have many aliases, and they flit from State to State with surprising agility, in the hope of evading the clutches of the law.

The proprietors of **Hostetter's Stomach Bitters** are determined, if possible, to *hunt them down*. Travelling agents are employed for this purpose, and whenever an offender is detected he is prosecuted with *the utmost rigor of the law*.

No amount of vigilance, however, can prevent the occasional introduction of imitations and counterfeits. The public are therefore

CAUTIONED

not to purchase any article purporting to be **Hostetter's Stomach Bitters** which is not authenticated by the handsome government stamp specially engraved for the proprietors, and also by their superb new label with a beautiful vignette, representing the conflict between St. George and the Dragon, at the top, and a miniature note of hand, signed Hostetter & Smith, at the foot.

N.B.—The genuine Bitters are sold in *bottles only*. All persons who pretend to sell the article by the gallon or barrel, are impostors, and the stuff they offer is a worthless and probably *poisonous* counterfeit.

A MODERN Amazon, on her way to a convention, asked for a seat in a crowded car. An old gentleman, with keen eyes, inquired, "Be you one of the women righters?" "I be," answered the undaunted heroine. "Do you believe that a woman has the same rights as a man?" "I do" (emphatically). "Well, then, stand up and enjoy 'em like a man."

TO MAKE RUSK.—1 cup butter, 1 cup sugar, 1 lb. flour, 1 pint milk, 3 eggs, 1 cup yeast, 1 teaspoonful saleratus. Bake in a quick oven.

A NEW pill has been invented in Albany. It is made of India-rubber. One box cures a cold and renders your overcoat impervious to water.

TO MAKE FINE ROLLS.—Warm a bit of butter in half a pint of milk; add two spoonful of small-beer yeast and some salt; with these ingredients mix two pounds of flour; let it rise one hour, and knead it well; form the rolls, and bake them in a quick oven for twenty minutes.

For those constantly employed in indoor occupations, especially in crowded workshops, **HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS** may be reckoned as the very best safeguard of health. Where there is a predisposition to constipation, or a tendency to biliousness, they may be truly said to be a specific for which there is no substitute.

LOG CHOLERA CURED BY TAR.—The tar should be mixed with the corn, and thus fed to the hogs. Many farmers have tried this, and in every case a cure has followed, and the ravages of the disease stopped.

"Sister," said one of the brethren at a love-feast, "are you happy?"

"Yes, deacon, I feel as though I was in Beelzebub's bosom."

"Not in Beelzebub's bosom!"

"Well, some of the patriarchs, I don't care which."

STEAM,—water in a high perspiration.

A FEW SELECTIONS FROM A MASS OF TESTIMONY.

WEST BADEN, ORANGE Co., IND.,
January 18, 1867.

Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH:

Sirs.—I have suffered very much within the last two years from DYSPEPSIA and INDIGESTION, and hereby solemnly declare that your STOMACH BITTERS gave me entire relief from this monster disease, which had been preying upon the very foundation of life itself. *This, too, was the work of only one bottle.* I can conscientiously recommend them to all similarly afflicted. The Bitters not only corrected the acidity of the stomach, thus eradicating the disease, but also corrected the acidity of my disposition. You are at liberty to use this, if you choose, by way of inducing others who may suffer, to procure the means of relief.

In conclusion, I feel truly grateful to you for the benefit received, and thankful to Almighty God for placing within the reach of suffering humanity the means of cure from such like ills.

Yours, gratefully,

CORNELIUS H. McDONALD.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 16, 1867.

Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Gents.—I have sold your BITTERS for the past ten years, part of the time in a malarious district of Mississippi. Have used them myself as a protective and cure of CHILLS, and have known many others to do so with perfect satisfaction. I take great pleasure in recommending "HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS" to the public.

Very respectfully,

A. G. PARKER,

Of PARKER & YORSTON, cor. Centre Av. & Chestnut St.

HELENA, MONTANA TERRITORY,
July 6, 1867.

Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Gents.—We have sold your BITTERS for three years in this Territory, and can truly say it is one of our most popular and valuable remedies. There is no one preparation that has a larger sale, or that gives more general satisfaction, in this locality.

Yours, &c.,

PARCHEN & PAYNTER,
Druggists.

VIRGINIA CITY, MONTANA TERR.,
July 14, 1867.

Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Gents.—I have been severely afflicted with HEARTBURN and DYSPEPSIA, and have tried almost all remedies, but without avail. Finally, I was recommended to try your STOMACH BITTERS. I did so, and, after using a few bottles, was entirely restored to health. I now weigh 180 lbs.

I still continue to take your BITTERS, and would not be without them. I consider them the only efficacious remedy of their kind in the market. When taken as directed, they will always prove a sovereign remedy to those afflicted with Dyspepsia or diseases of a like nature.

Respectfully, yours,

M. MARX.

HELENA, MONTANA TERRITORY,
July 6, 1867.

Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Gents.—Having been personally acquainted with Dr. Hostetter, and having used your BITTERS with unparalleled success during a practice of many years, I take great pleasure in adding my testimony to such a valuable tonic and stomachic as your world-renowned BITTERS. I recommend them, with all confidence, to those suffering from ailments of the stomach or any derangement of the system arising from that cause.

Very respectfully,

F. H. ORENDORF, M.D.

HELENA, MONTANA TERRITORY,
July 28, 1867.

Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH:

Gentlemen.—It gives me great pleasure to recommend your BITTERS to all invalids who are suffering from *Debility* or a *deranged action of the stomach*, as well as those whose muscular or nervous systems sympathize with its derangements.

From my knowledge of its ingredients and preparation, I have no hesitation in pronouncing it one of the best stomachics we have in use.

Respectfully, yours,

JOHN W. REINS, M.D.,

City Hospital Physician.

HELENA, MONTANA TERRITORY
July 6, 1867.

Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Dear Sirs.—We cheerfully bear testimony to the popularity and favor with which your STOMACH BITTERS are received in this Territory by all classes. The miners, especially, evince a decided preference for them over all others; and we unhesitatingly pronounce them to be the best as well as the most salable Bitters in the market.

Respectfully, yours,

WEIR & POPE, Druggists.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 14, 1867.

Messrs. HOSTETTER & SMITH:

Gents.—Some five years ago I had the DYSPEPSIA so bad that scarcely any thing would remain on my stomach. I tried many remedies, without success. Finally, my family physician recommended me to try your BITTERS. I commenced using them, and at once began to improve; in six months I was perfectly restored to health, and could eat any thing I desired. I have used your Bitters ever since in my family, and would not be without them. My wife finds them very efficacious in allaying attacks of *Colic*, *Bilious derangements*, &c. I deem your Bitters a valuable family medicine, and, as such, take pleasure in recommending them to my friends and the public.

Yours, &c.,

HENRY STEGE.

Hostetter's Business Calendar for 1869.

1869.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	1869.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	1869.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.	
Jan.	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	May	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	Sep.	...	...	...	1	2	3	4	
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		2	3	4	5	6	7	8		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		9	10	11	12	13	14	15		12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23		16	17	18	19	20	21	22		19	20	21	22	23	24	25	
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		23	24	25	26	27	28	29		26	27	28	29	30	...	...	
	31	...	...	...	...	...	...		30	31	...	...	...	...	...		Oct.	...	...	...	...	1	2	
Feb.	...	1	2	3	4	5	6	June	...	...	1	2	3	4	5		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		6	7	8	9	10	11	12		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		13	14	15	16	17	18	19		17	18	19	20	21	22	23	
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		20	21	22	23	24	25	26		24	25	26	27	28	29	30	
	28	...	...	...	...	...	...		27	28	29	30	...	...	...		31	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Mar.	...	1	2	3	4	5	6	July	...	...	...	...	1	2	3		Nov.	...	1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		4	5	6	7	8	9	10		7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		11	12	13	14	15	16	17		14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27		18	19	20	21	22	23	24		21	22	23	24	25	26	27	
	28	29	30	31	...	...	...		25	26	27	28	29	30	31		28	29	30	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
April	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	Aug.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		Dec.	...	...	...	1	2	3	4
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		8	9	10	11	12	13	14		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		15	16	17	18	19	20	21		12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		22	23	24	25	26	27	28		19	20	21	22	23	24	25	
	25	26	27	28	29	30	...		29	30	31	...	...	...	...		26	27	28	29	30	31	...	